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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1993

ENROLLED SENATE BILL NO. 463 (By Senator _______

PASSED <u>April 10,</u> 1993 In Effect <u>90 days from</u> Passage

ENROLLED

Senate Bill No. 463

(By Senator Craigo)

[Passed April 10, 1993; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article one, chapter five-e of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section two, article nine, chapter eleven of said code; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a; to amend and reenact section three, article twelve-b of said chapter: to amend and reenact section two, article thirteen-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact section five, article thirteen-c of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen: to amend article thirteen-d of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-e; to amend and reenact sections two and nine, article fifteen of said chapter: to amend and reenact section twelve, article twenty-one of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventy-seven; to amend and reenact section nine. article twenty-three of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections six and thirteen, article twenty-four of said chapter; to amend article nine-a, chapter sixteen of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section six; to amend and reenact sections four, five, six, six-a, twelve, fifteen,

sixteen and twenty-four, article twenty, chapter fortyseven of said code; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated section twelve-a and twenty-eight-a; to amend and reenact sections seven, fifteen and twenty-two, article twentyone of said chapter; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-three, all relating to revenue enhancements; providing expanded application of the crimes and penalties provisions relating to taxation; creating a criminal investigation section within the department of tax and revenue; providing for a reduction in the amount of authorized credits under the West Virginia capitol company act; by increasing the alternative minimum severance tax on coal by twenty-five cents; reduction in gross value for amount of federal energy tax; reducing the amount of super credit that may be taken in remaining years by adding three years to the remaining period; prohibiting the use of credits against sales and use tax liability; providing a one year suspension of the business investment and jobs expansion tax credit, also known as the super credit; requiring the commission to prepare a report recommending a replacement credit to the Legislature; eliminating the sales tax exemption for contractor engaging in repaying, repair or maintenance of bridges or highways; eliminating the indirect use sales tax exemption; and providing definitions of directly used and consumed; subjecting lottery winnings to personal income tax; subjecting lottery winnings of a certain amount to withholding; extending the due date of business franchise and corporate net income tax returns filed by certain tax exempt organizations; prohibiting any net operating loss from being carried back to any previous taxable year; requiring the amount of depreciation, amortization or cost depletion to be added back into the amount of taxable income for persons asserting specified credits; providing an age limitation on persons permitted to play bingo; changing the fee of super bingo license; limiting the payment of compensation to persons conducting bingo occasions; increasing the percentage of proceeds used for expenses; requiring specified records

and reports, requiring bingo operators to designate nonsmoking sections; changing the license fee for charitable raffles; allowing payment of certain expenses; requiring the filing of reports for charitable raffles; imposing a license fee on charitable raffle boards and games; requiring stamp to be affixed to charitable raffle boards and games; requiring wholesaler to pay fee; providing criminal penalties for failure to file a return; allowing forfeitures of vehicles and vessels upon illegal transportation of charitable raffle boards and games; authorizing promulgation of legislative rules; providing a severability clause; and providing for general procedure and administration.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article one, chapter five-e of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section two, article nine, chapter eleven of said code be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a; that section three, article twelve-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that section two. article thirteen-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section five, article thirteen-c of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen; that article thirteen-d of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-e: that sections two and nine, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections twelve, article twenty-one of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seventy-seven; that section nine, article twentythree of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections six and thirteen, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article nine-a, chapter sixteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six; that sections four, five, six, six-a, twelve, fifteen, sixteen and twenty-four, article twenty, chapter forty-seven of said code be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding

thereto two new sections, designated sections twelve-a and twenty-eight-a; that sections seven, fifteen and twenty-two, article twenty-one of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-three, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5E. VENTURE CAPITAL COMPANY.

ARTICLE 1. WEST VIRGINIA CAPITAL COMPANY ACT.

§5E-1-8. Tax credits.

1 (a) The total amount of tax credits authorized for a 2 single qualified company may not exceed two million 3 dollars. Capitalization of the company may be 4 increased pursuant to rule of the authority.

(b) The total credits authorized by the authority for 5 6 all companies may not exceed a total of ten million 7 dollars each fiscal year: Provided, That for the fiscal 8 year beginning the first day of July, one thousand 9 nine hundred ninety-two, the total credits authorized 10 by the authority for all companies under this section 11 or this article may not exceed a total of eight million 12 dollars each fiscal year: Provided, however, That for 13 the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one 14 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and the fiscal 15 year one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the total 16 credits authorized for all companies under this article 17 may not exceed a total of five million dollars: Provided 18 *further*. That for the fiscal year beginning the first day 19 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, and 20 for each fiscal year thereafter, the authority shall, for 21 the first one hundred eighty days of the fiscal year, 22 accept applications only from companies who certify in 23 their application that the investment of its entire 24 capital base will be in one or more small business 25 investment corporations organized under the small 26 business investment act: And provided further, That 27 the capital base of any such qualified company shall be 28 invested in accordance with the provisions of this 29 article. The authority shall allocate these credits to 30 gualified companies in the order that said companies are qualified. 31

32 (c) Any investor, including an individual, partner-33 ship or corporation who makes a capital investment in a qualified West Virginia capital company, is entitled 34 35 to a tax credit equal to fifty percent of the investment. 36 except as otherwise provided in this section or in this 37 article. The credit allowed by this article shall be 38 taken after all other credits allowed by chapter eleven 39 of this code. It shall be taken against the same taxes 40 and in the same order as set forth in subsections (c) through (i), section five, article thirteen-c of said 41 42 chapter. The credit for investments by a partnership 43 or by a corporation electing to be treated as a Sub-44 chapter S corporation may be divided pursuant to 45 election of partners or shareholders.

(d) The tax credit allowed under this section is to be credited against the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year in which the investment in a qualified West Virginia capital company is made. If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability for the taxable year, the amount of the credit which exceeds the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried to succeeding taxable years until used in full, or until forfeited: *Provided*, That: (i) Tax credits may not be carried forward beyond fifteen years; and (ii) tax credits may not be carried back to prior taxable years. Any tax credit remaining after the fifteenth taxable year is forfeited.

59 (e) The tax credit provided for in this section is 60 available only to those taxpayers whose investment in 61 a qualified West Virginia capital company occurs after 62 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 63 eighty-six.

64 (f) The tax credit allowed under this section may not 65 be used against any liability the taxpayer may have 66 for interest, penalties or additions to tax.

67 (g) Notwithstanding any provision in this code to the 68 contrary, the tax commissioner shall publish in the 69 state register the name and address of every taxpayer, 70 and the amount, by category, of any credit asserted 71 under this article for any tax year beginning on or 72 after the first day of January, one thousand nine 73 hundred ninety-one. The categories by dollar amount 74 of credit received shall be as follows:

- 75 (1) More than \$1.00, but not more than \$50,000;
- 76 (2) More than \$50,000, but not more than \$100,000;
- 77 (3) More than \$100,000, but not more than \$250,000;
- 78 (4) More than \$250,000, but not more than \$500,000;
- 79 (5) More than \$500,000, but not more than \$1,000,000;
- 80 (6) More than \$1,000,000.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 9. CRIMES AND PENALTIES.

§11-9-2. Application of this article.

(a) The provisions of this article shall apply to the 1 2 following taxes imposed by this chapter: (1) The 3 inheritance and transfer taxes and estate taxes 4 imposed by article eleven of this chapter; (2) the 5 business franchise registration tax imposed by article 6 twelve of this chapter; (3) the annual tax on incomes 7 of certain carriers imposed by article twelve-a of this 8 chapter; (4) the business and occupation tax imposed 9 by article thirteen of this chapter; (5) the gasoline and 10 special fuels excise tax imposed by article fourteen of 11 this chapter; (6) the motor carrier road tax imposed by 12 article fourteen-a of this chapter; (7) the consumers 13 sales and service tax imposed by article fifteen of this 14 chapter; (8) the use tax imposed by article fifteen-a of 15 this chapter: (9) the cigarette tax imposed by article 16 seventeen of this chapter; (10) the soft drinks tax 17 imposed by article nineteen of this chapter; (11) the 18 personal income tax imposed by article twenty-one of 19 this chapter; and (12) the corporation net income tax 20 imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter.

21 (b) The provisions of this article shall also apply to 22 the West Virginia tax procedure and administration 23 act in article ten of this chapter, and to any other 24 articles of this chapter when such application is 25 expressly provided for by the Legislature. (c) The provisions of this article shall also apply to
the charitable bingo fee imposed by sections six and
six-a, article twenty, chapter forty-seven of this code;
the charitable raffle fee imposed by section seven,
article twenty-one of said chapter; and the charitable
raffle boards and games fees imposed by section three,
article twenty-three of said chapter.

(d) Each and every provision of this article shall
apply to the articles of this chapter listed in subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section, with like effect, as
if the provisions of this article were applicable only to
such tax and were set forth in extenso in such article.

§11-9-2a. Criminal investigation section established; funding of same.

1 A criminal investigation section consisting of no 2 more than ten investigators plus necessary support 3 staff is hereby established within the state tax division 4 for the purpose of assuring compliance with laws, 5 rules and regulations pertaining to the taxes or credits 6 established by articles eleven, eleven-a, eleven-b, 7 twelve, twelve-a, twelve-b, thirteen, thirteen-a, thir-8 teen-b, thirteen-c, thirteen-d, thirteen-e, thirteen-f, 9 thirteen-g, thirteen-h, fourteen, fourteen-a, fifteen, 10 fifteen-a, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, 11 twenty-three, twenty-four and twenty-six of this 12 chapter, and articles twenty, twenty-one and twenty-13 three, chapter forty-seven of this code. Charitable 14 bingo fees imposed under sections six and six-a, article 15 twenty of said chapter; charitable raffle fees imposed 16 under section seven, article twenty-one of said chap-17 ter; and charitable raffle boards and games fees 18 imposed under section three, article twenty-three of said chapter shall be deposited in a special revenue 19 20 account established in the office of the treasurer and shall be used to support compliance expenditures 21 22 relating to the establishment, maintenance and support of such criminal investigation section. At the close 23 24 of the fiscal year, any moneys in the special revenue 25 account in excess of twenty thousand dollars shall be 26 transferred to the general revenue fund.

27 Any employee of the criminal investigation section 28 so designated by the tax commissioner who shall have 29 a background in accounting and who shall be certified 30 as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to article 31 twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code, or its equiv-32 alent, shall have all the lawful powers delegated to 33 members of the department of public safety except the 34 power to carry firearms to enforce the provisions of 35 this article in any county or municipality of this state. 36 The commissioner shall establish such additional 37 standards as he or she deems applicable or necessary. 38 Any such employee shall, before entering upon the 39 discharge of his or her duties, execute a bond with 40 security in the sum of three thousand five hundred 41 dollars, payable to the state of West Virginia, condi-42 tioned for the faithful performance of his or her 43 duties, as such, and such bond shall be approved as to 44 form by the attorney general, and the same shall be 45 filed with the secretary of state and preserved in his 46 or her office. The department of public safety, any 47 county sheriff, or deputy sheriff, or any municipal police officer, upon request by the tax commissioner, 48 49 is hereby authorized to assist the tax commissioner in 50 enforcing the provisions of this article and the crimi-51 nal penalty provisions of this article or any article of 52 this chapter administered under this article.

ARTICLE 12B. MINIMUM SEVERANCE TAX ON COAL.

§11-12B-3. Imposition of tax, credit.

1 (a) Imposition of tax. — Upon every person exercis-2 ing the privilege of engaging within this state in 3 severing, extracting, reducing to possession or produc-4 ing coal for sale, profit or commercial use there is 5 hereby imposed an annual minimum severance tax 6 equal to fifty cents per ton of coal produced by the 7 taxpayer for sale, profit or commercial use during the 8 taxable year: *Provided*, That for taxable years ending 9 after the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine 10 hundred ninety-three, the minimum severance tax 11 imposed on coal produced by the taxpayer for sale, 12 profit or commercial use for such taxable year shall be 13 seventy-five cents, with such rate increase to apply 14 only to tons of coal produced after the thirty-first day15 of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

16 (b) Credit against article thirteen-a tax. — A person 17 who pays the minimum severance tax imposed by this 18 article shall be allowed a credit against the severance 19 tax imposed on coal by section three, article thirteen-20 a of this chapter, but not including the additional 21 severance tax on coal imposed by section six of said 22 article, equal to the liability of the taxpayer for the 23 taxable year for payment of the minimum severance 24 tax on coal imposed by this article: *Provided*. That the 25 amount of credit allowed by this section shall not 26 exceed the severance tax liability of the taxpayer for 27 the taxable year determined under paragraph (1), subsection (b), section three of said article exclusive of 28 29 the additional tax on coal imposed by section six of 30 said article after application of all credits to which the 31 taxpayer may be entitled except any credit allowed 32 pursuant to chapter five-e of this code any credit for 33 installment payments of estimated tax paid pursuant 34 to section six of this article during the tax year and 35 any credit for overpayment of article thirteen-a tax. 36 Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in 37 no event shall the credit allowed under chapter five-38 e of this code be allowed as a credit against the 39 minimum severance tax imposed by this article.

ARTICLE 13A. SEVERANCE TAXES.

§11-13A-2. Definitions.

1 (a) General. — When used in this article, or in the 2 administration of this article, the terms defined in 3 subsection (b) of this section shall have the meanings 4 ascribed to them by this section, unless a different 5 meaning is clearly required by either the context in 6 which the term is used or by specific definition.

7 (b) Terms defined. -

8 (1) "Coal" means and includes any material com-9 posed predominantly of hydrocarbons in a solid state.

10 (2) "Delegate" in the phrase "or his or her dele-11 gate", when used in reference to the tax commission12 er, means any officer or employee of the state tax 13 department duly authorized by the tax commissioner 14 directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of 15 authority, to perform the function mentioned or 16 described in this article or regulations promulgated 17 thereunder.

18 (3) "Economic interest" for the purpose of this 19 article is synonymous with the economic interest 20 ownership required by Section 611 of the Internal 21 Revenue Code in effect on the thirty-first day of 22 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, 23 entitling the taxpayer to a depletion deduction for 24 income tax purposes: *Provided*, That a person who 25 only receives an arm's length royalty shall not be 26 considered as having an economic interest.

27 (4) "Extraction of ores or minerals from the ground"
28 includes extraction by mine owners or operators of
29 ores or minerals from the waste or residue of prior
30 mining.

31 (5) "Fiduciary" means and includes, a guardian,
32 trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator
33 or any person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any
34 person.

35 (6) "Gross value" in the case of natural resources 36 means the market value of the natural resource 37 product, in the immediate vicinity, where severed, 38 determined after application of post production pro-39 cessing generally applied by the industry to obtain 40 commercially marketable or usable natural resource 41 products. For all natural resources, "gross value" is to 42 be reported as follows:

43 (A) For natural resources severed or processed (or
44 both severed and processed) and sold during a report45 ing period, gross value is the amount received or
46 receivable by the taxpayer.

47 (B) In a transaction involving related parties, gross
48 value shall not be less than the fair market value for
49 natural resources of similar grade and quality.

50 (C) In the absence of a sale, gross value shall be the

51 fair market value for natural resources of similar 52 grade and quality.

53 (D) If severed natural resources are purchased for 54 the purpose of processing and resale, the gross value is 55 the amount received or receivable during the report-56 ing period reduced by the amount paid or payable to 57 the taxpayer actually severing the natural resource. If 58 natural resources are severed outside the state of West 59 Virginia and brought into the state of West Virginia by 60 the taxpayer for the purpose of processing and resale, 61 the gross value is the amount received or receivable 62 during the reporting period reduced by the fair 63 market value of the natural resources of similar grade 64 and quality and in the same condition immediately 65 preceding the processing of the natural resources in 66 this state.

67 (E) If severed natural resources are purchased for 68 the purpose of processing and consumption, the gross 69 value is the fair market value of processed natural 70 resources of similar grade and quality reduced by the 71 amount paid or payable to the taxpayer actually 72 severing the natural resource. If severed natural 73 resources are severed outside the state of West Virgin-74 ia and brought into the state of West Virginia by the 75 taxpayer for the purpose of processing and consump-76 tion, the gross value is the fair market value of 77 processing natural resources of similar grade and 78 quality reduced by the fair market value of the 79 natural resources of similar grade and quality and in 80 the same condition immediately preceding the process-81 ing of the natural resources.

82 (F) In all instances, the gross value shall be reduced 83 by the amount of any federal energy tax imposed upon 84 the taxpayer after the first day of June, one thousand 85 nine hundred ninety-three, but shall not be reduced 86 by any state or federal taxes, royalties, sales commis-87 sions or any other expense.

88 (G) For natural gas, gross value is the value of the 89 natural gas at the wellhead immediately preceding 90 transportation and transmission. 91 (H) For limestone or sandstone quarried or mined,92 gross value is the value of such stone immediately93 upon severance from the earth.

94 (7) "Mining" includes not merely the extraction of
95 ores or minerals from the ground but also those
96 treatment processes considered as mining under this
97 article and those treatment processes necessary or
98 incidental thereto.

99 (8) "Natural resource" means all forms of minerals 100 including, but not limited to, rock, stone, limestone, 101 coal, shale, gravel, sand, clay, natural gas, oil and 102 natural gas liquids which are contained in or on the 103 soils or waters of this state, and includes standing 104 timber.

(9) "Partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool,
joint venture or other unincorporated organization,
through or by means of which natural resources are
severed, extracted, reduced to possession and produced
or prepared in this state for sale, profit or commercial
use. "Partner" includes a member of such a syndicate,
group, pool, joint venture or organization.

(10) "Person" or "company" are herein used interchangeably and include any individual, firm, partnership, mining partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, trust or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intention to give a more limited meaning is declared by the context.

119 (11) "Processed" or "processing" as applied to:

120 (A) Oil and natural gas shall not include any conver-121 sion or refining process; and

122 (B) Limestone or sandstone quarried or mined shall 123 not include any treatment process or transportation 124 after the limestone or sandstone is severed from the 125 earth.

(12) "Related parties" means two or more persons,
organizations or businesses owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the same interests. Control exists if

129 a contract or lease, either written or oral, is entered 130 into whereby one party mines or processes natural 131 resources owned or held by another party and the 132 owner or lessor participates in the severing, processing 133 or marketing of the natural resources or receives any 134 value other than an arm's length passive royalty 135 interest. In the case of related parties, the tax commis-136 sioner may apportion or allocate the receipts between 137 or among such persons, organizations or businesses if 138 he determines that such apportionment or allocation is 139 necessary to more clearly reflect gross value.

140 (13) "Sale" includes any transfer of the ownership or
141 title to property, whether for money or in exchange
142 for other property or services, or any combination
143 thereof.

144 (14) "Severing" or "severed" means the physical 145 removal of the natural resources from the earth or 146 waters of this state by any means: *Provided*, That 147 "severing" or "severed" shall not include the removal 148 of natural gas from underground storage facilities into 149 which the natural gas has been mechanically injected 150 following its initial removal from the earth: *Provided*, 151 *however*, That "severing" or "severed" oil and natural 152 gas shall not include any separation process of oil or 153 natural gas commonly employed to obtain marketable 154 natural resource products.

155 (15) "Stock" includes shares in an association, joint-156 stock company or corporation.

157 (16) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commission-158 er of the state of West Virginia, or his delegate.

(17) "Taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which tax liability is computed under this article. "Taxable year" means, in case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this article, or under regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner, the period for which such return is made.

167 (18) "Taxpayer" means and includes any individual,

168 partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, 169 receiver, trustee, guardian, executor, administrator, 170 fiduciary or representative of any kind engaged in the 171 business of severing or processing (or both severing 172 and processing) natural resources in this state for sale 173 or use. In instances where contracts (either oral or 174 written) are entered into whereby persons, organiza-175 tions or businesses are engaged in the business of 176 severing or processing (or both severing and process-177 ing) a natural resource but do not obtain title to or do 178 not have an economic interest therein, the party who 179 owns the natural resource or has an economic interest 180 therein is the taxpayer.

(19) "This code" means the code of West Virginia,one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

183 (20) "This state" means the state of West Virginia.

ARTICLE 13C. BUSINESS INVESTMENT AND JOBS EXPANSION CREDIT.

§11-13C-5. Application of annual credit allowance.

1 (a) In general. — The aggregate annual credit 2 allowance for the current taxable year is an amount 3 equal to the sum of the following as modified under 4 subsections (o) and (p) of this section:

5 (1) The one-tenth part allowed under section four of 6 this article for qualified investment placed into service 7 or use during a prior taxable year; plus

8 (2) The one-tenth part allowed under section four of 9 this article for qualified investment placed into service 10 or use during the current taxable year; plus

(3) The one-tenth part allowed under section four-a
of this article for locating corporate headquarters in
this state; or the amount allowed under section sevena of this article of the taxable year.

(b) Application of current year annual credit allowance. — The amount determined under subsection (a)
of this section shall be allowed as a credit against that
portion of the taxpayer's state tax liability which is
attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's

20 qualified investment, and shall be applied as provided 21 in subsections (c) through (k), both inclusive, of this 22 section, and in that order.

23 (c) Business and occupation taxes. —

(1) That portion of the allowable credit attributable to qualified investment in a business or other activity subject to the taxes imposed by article thirteen of this chapter, shall first be applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by said article for the taxable year (determined before application of allowable credits against tax and the annual exemption).

(2) If the taxes due under said article thirteen are 31 32 not solely attributable to and the direct result of the 33 taxpayer's qualified investment in a business or other 34 activity taxable under article thirteen of this chapter, 35 the amount of such taxes, which are so attributable, 36 shall be determined by multiplying the amount of 37 taxes due under said article, for the taxable year 38 (determined before application of any allowable 39 credits against tax and the annual exemption), by a 40 fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries 41 and other compensation paid during the taxable year 42 to all employees of the taxpayer employed in this 43 state, whose positions are directly attributable to the 44 qualified investment in a business or other activity 45 taxable under article thirteen of this chapter. The 46 denominator of the fraction shall be the wages, 47 salaries and other compensation paid during the 48 taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer 49 employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the business or other activity of the 50 taxpayer, that is taxable under said article. 51

52 (3) The annual exemption allowed by section three 53 of said article thirteen of this chapter, plus any credits 54 allowable under articles thirteen-d and thirteen-e of 55 this chapter, shall be applied against and reduce only 56 the portion of article thirteen taxes not apportioned to 57 the qualified investment under this article: *Provided*, 58 That any excess exemption or credits may be applied 59 against the amount of article thirteen taxes appor60 tioned to the qualified investment under this article, 61 that is not offset by the amount of annual credit 62 against such taxes allowed under this article for the 63 taxable year, unless their application is otherwise 64 prohibited by this chapter.

65 (d) Carrier income taxes. —

66 (1) That portion of the allowable credit attributable 67 to qualified investment in a business or other activity 68 subject to the taxes imposed by article twelve-a of this 69 chapter, shall first be applied to reduce up to eighty 70 percent of the taxes imposed by said article, for the 71 taxable year.

72 (2) If the taxes due under article twelve-a of this 73 chapter are not solely attributable to and the direct 74 result of the taxpayer's qualified investment in a 75 business or other activity taxable under said article, 76 the amount of such taxes, which are so attributable, 77 shall be determined by multiplying the amount of 78 taxes due under said article for the taxable year, by a 79 fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries 80 and other compensation paid during the taxable year 81 to all employees of the taxpayer employed in this 82 state, whose positions are directly attributable to the 83 gualified investment in a business or other activity 84 taxable under said article. The denominator of the 85 fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other compen-86 sation paid during the taxable year to all employees of 87 the taxpayer, employed in this state, whose positions 88 are directly attributable to the business or other 89 activity of the taxpayer that is taxable under said 90 article.

91 (e) Severance taxes. -

92 (1) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 93 nine hundred eighty-seven, that portion of the allow-94 able credit attributable to qualified investment in a 95 business or other activity subject to the tax imposed 96 by article thirteen-a of this chapter, and qualified 97 investment in a business or activity that was subject to 98 the tax imposed by article thirteen of this chapter 99 prior to said first day of July, but on and after said 100 first day of July, is subject to the tax imposed by 101 article thirteen-a of this chapter, shall first be applied 102 to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by 103 said article for the taxable year (determined before 104 application of any allowable credits against tax).

105 (2) If the taxes due under article thirteen-a of this 106 chapter are not solely attributable to and the direct 107 result of the taxpayer's qualified investment in a 108 business or other activity taxable under article thir-109 teen-a of this chapter, the amount of such taxes which 110 are so attributable, shall be determined by multiplying 111 the amount of taxes due under said article for the 112 taxable year (determined before application of any 113 allowable credits against tax), by a fraction, the 114 numerator of which is all wages, salaries and other 115 compensation paid during the taxable year to all 116 employees of the taxpayer employed in this state, 117 whose positions are directly attributable to the quali-118 fied investment in a business or other activity taxable 119 under said article. The denominator of the fraction 120 shall be the wages, salaries and other compensation 121 paid during the taxable year to all employees of the 122taxpayer employed in this state, whose positions are 123 directly attributable to the business or other activity of 124 the taxpayer that is taxable under said article.

125 (3) Any credits allowable under articles thirteen-d 126 and thirteen-e of this chapter shall be applied against 127 and reduce only the portion of article thirteen-a taxes not apportioned to the qualified investment under this 128 article: Provided, That any excess credits may be 129 applied against the amount of article thirteen taxes 130 apportioned to the qualified investment under this 131 article, that is not offset by the amount of annual 132 credit against such taxes allowed under this article for 133 the taxable year, unless their application is otherwise 134 135 prohibited by this chapter.

136 (f) Telecommunications taxes. —

(1) On and after the first day of July, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-seven, that portion of the allowable credit attributable to qualified investment in a

140 business or other activity subject to the taxes imposed by article thirteen-b of this chapter, shall first be 141 142 applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by said article for the taxable year (deter-143 144 mined before application of allowable credits against 145 tax) and qualified investment in a business or activity 146 that was subject to the taxes imposed by article twelve-a of this chapter prior to said first day of July, 147 but on and after said first day of July is subject to the 148 149 tax imposed by article thirteen-b of this chapter.

150 (2) If the taxes due under article thirteen-b are not 151 solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment in a business or other 152 153 activity taxable under said article, the amount of such taxes, which are so attributable, shall be determined 154 155 by multiplying the amount of taxes due under said 156 article for the taxable year (determined before application of any allowable credits against tax), by a 157 fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, salaries 158 159 and other compensation paid during the taxable year 160 to all employees of the taxpayer employed in this state 161 whose positions are directly attributable to the qualified investment in a business or other activity taxable 162 163 under said article. The denominator of the fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other compensation 164 165 paid during the taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer employed in this state whose positions are 166 167 directly attributable to the business or other activity of the taxpayer that is taxable under said article. 168

169 (g) Business franchise tax. —

170 (1) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 171 nine hundred eighty-seven, that portion of the allow-172 able credit attributable to qualified investment in a business or activity subject to the taxes imposed by 173 article twenty-three of this chapter, and qualified 174 175 investment in a business or activity that was subject to the taxes imposed by article thirteen of this chapter 176 prior to said first day of July, but on and after said 177 178 first day of July, is subject to the tax imposed by article twenty-three of this chapter, shall first be 179 applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the taxes 180

181 imposed by said article for the taxable year (deter182 mined after application of the credits against tax
183 provided in section seventeen of said article, but
184 before application of any other allowable credits
185 against tax).

186 (2) If the taxes due under article twenty-three of 187 this chapter are not solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment in 188 189 a business or other activity taxable under said article, 190 for the taxable year (determined after application of the credits against tax provided in section seventeen of 191 192 said article, but before application of any other allowable credits), by a fraction, the numerator of 193 194 which is all wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the taxable year to all employees of the 195 taxpayer employed in this state, whose positions are 196 197 directly attributable to the qualified investment in a 198 business or other activity taxable under said article. The denominator of the fraction shall be wages, 199 salaries and other compensation paid during the 200 201 taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer 202 employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the business or other activity of the 203 taxpayer that is taxable under said article. 204

(3) Any credits allowable under articles thirteen-d 205 and thirteen-e of this chapter shall be applied against 206 and reduce only the portion of article twenty-three 207 taxes not apportioned to the qualified investment 208 under this article: Provided, That any excess exemp-209 tion or credits may be applied against the amount of 210 article twenty-three taxes apportioned to the qualified 211 investment under this article that is not offset by the 212 amount of annual credit against such taxes allowed 213 under this article for the taxable year, unless their 214 application is otherwise prohibited by this chapter. 215

216 (h) Corporation net income taxes. -

(1) After application of subsections (c) through (g),
both inclusive of this section, any unused credit shall
next be applied to reduce up to eighty percent of the
taxes imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter,

221 for the taxable year (determined before application of 222 allowable credits against tax).

223 (2) If the taxes due under article twenty-four of this 224 chapter (determined before application of allowable 225 credits against tax) are not solely attributable to and 226 the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified invest-227 ment, the amount of such taxes which are so attribut-228 able, shall be determined by multiplying the amount 229 of taxes due under said article for the taxable year 230 (determined before application of allowable credits 231 against tax), by a fraction, the numerator of which is 232 all wages, salaries and other compensation paid during 233 the taxable year to all employees of the taxpayer 234 employed in this state whose positions are directly 235 attributable to the qualified investment. The denomi-236 nator of the fraction shall be the wages, salaries and 237 other compensation paid during the taxable year to all 238 employees of the taxpayer employed in this state.

(3) Any credits allowable under article twenty-four of this chapter shall be applied against and reduce only the amount of article twenty-four taxes not apportioned to the qualified investment under this article: *Provided*, That any excess credits may be applied against the amount of article twenty-four taxes apportioned to the qualified investment under this article that is not offset by the amount of annual credit against such taxes allowed under this article for the taxable year, unless their application is otherwise prohibited by this chapter.

250 (i) Personal income taxes. —

(1) If the person making the qualified investment is an electing small business corporation (as defined in Section 1361 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended), a partnership or a sole proprietorship, then any unused credit (after application of subsections (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) shall be allowed as a credit against up to eighty percent of the taxes imposed by article twenty-one of this chapter on the income from business or other activity subject to tax under article twelve-a, thirteen, thirteen-a, thir261 teen-b or twenty-three of this chapter.

(2) Electing small business corporations, partnerships
and other unincorporated organizations shall allocate
the credit allowed by this article among its members
in the same manner as profits and losses are allocated
for the taxable year.

267 (3) If the amount of taxes due under article twenty-268 one of this chapter (determined before application of 269 allowable credits against tax) that is attributable to 270 business, is not solely attributable to and the direct result of the qualified investment of the electing small 271 272 business corporation, partnership, other unincorporat-273 ed organization or sole proprietorship, the amount of 274 such taxes which are so attributable shall be deter-275 mined by multiplying the amount of taxes due under 276 said article (determined before application of allowable 277credits against tax), that is attributable to business by a fraction, the numerator of which is all wages, 278 279 salaries and other compensation paid during the 280 taxable year to all employees of the electing small business corporation, partnership, other unincorporat-281 282 ed organization or sole proprietorship employed in this state, whose positions are directly attributable to the 283 284 qualified investment. The denominator of the fraction shall be the wages, salaries and other compensation 285 paid during the taxable year to all employees of the 286 287 taxpayer.

288 (4) No credit shall be allowed under this section 289 against any employer withholding taxes imposed by 290 article twenty-one of this chapter.

(j) For tax years beginning after the thirty-first day 291 of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, 292 and thereafter, if the formula provisions of subsections 293 294 (c) through (i) of this section, inclusive, do not fairly 295 represent the taxes solely attributable to and the direct result of the taxpayer's qualified investment of 296 the taxpayer and all other project participants in the 297 business or other activity subject to tax, the commis-298 sioner may require, in respect to all or any part of the 299 taxpayer's businesses or activities, if reasonable: 300

301 (1) Separate accounting or identification; or

302 (2) Adjustment to the wages formula to reflect all303 components of the tax liability; or

(3) The inclusion of one or more additional factors
which will fairly represent the taxes solely attributable to and the direct result of the qualified investment of the taxpayer and all other project participants
in the businesses or other activities subject to tax; or

309 (4) The employment of any other method to effectu-310 ate an equitable attribution of the taxes.

311 In order to effectuate the purposes of this subsec-312 tion, the commissioner shall propose for promulgation 313 legislative rules in accordance with article three, 314 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided, That the 315 initial promulgation may be by emergency rule. The 316 rule shall set forth the standards by which this 317 subsection will be implemented and enforced: Provid-318 ed, however, That with regard to investment placed in 319 service prior to the passage of this provision, taxpayers 320 having a specific written determination from the tax 321 commissioner that the taxpayer is authorized or 322 required to take credit against tax not attributable to 323 gualified investment shall not be subject to the 324 alternative allocation of credit provided for under this 325 subsection.

326 (k) Sales and use taxes. -

327 On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 328 hundred eighty-seven, for purchases of tangible personal property and taxable services made on or after 329 330 that date, that portion of the allowable credit, which is 331 attributable to qualified investment in a business or 332 activity subject to the taxes imposed by articles fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter on purchases for use or 333 consumption in the conduct of such business or 334 activity, shall be applied to reduce up to eighty percent 335 336 of the taxes imposed by said articles on purchases that 337 are directly used or consumed in the qualified invest-338 ment activity. When property and services purchased for use or consumption are not solely used or con-339

340 sumed in the qualified investment activity, the cost 341 thereof shall be apportioned between such activities. 342 Only that amount apportioned to purchases directly 343 used or consumed in the qualified investment activity 344 shall be included when applying the credit allowable 345 under this subsection. On and after the first day of 346 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, for 347 purchases of tangible personal property and taxable 348 services made on or after that date for use or consumption in the conduct of business, no portion of the 349 350 allowable credit may be applied against the taxes 351 imposed by said articles.

352 (1) Ad valorem property taxes; unemployment taxes
 353 and workers' compensation premiums. —

(1) After application of subsections (a) through (i),
both inclusive, of this section, any unused credit shall
be applied as a rebate for payment of the sum of the
following amounts:

358 (A) Eighty percent of the ad valorem property taxes 359 imposed by levying bodies pursuant to article eight of 360 this chapter, for the taxable year (including payments 361 in lieu of such taxes), on property of the taxpayer that 362 is directly attributable to the qualified investment 363 (including property having a useful life of less than 364 four years) of the taxpayer, in the new or expanded 365 business facility of the taxpayer resulting in new jobs; 366 plus

367 (B) Eighty percent of the taxes imposed by article 368 five, chapter twenty-one-a of this code for the taxable 369 year attributable to the compensation of new 370 employees filling the new jobs that are directly 371 attributable to the qualified investment; plus

372 (C) Twenty percent of the workers' compensation 373 premiums imposed by article two, chapter twenty-374 three of this code, for the taxable year attributable to 375 the compensation paid new employees filling the new 376 jobs, that are directly attributable to the qualified 377 investment.

378 (2) A taxpayer eligible to claim this rebate shall

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379 apply either the amount of the unused credit or the 380 sum determined under subdivision (1) of this subsec-381 tion, whichever is less, against the remaining twenty 382 percent of the taxes imposed by articles twelve-a, 383 thirteen, thirteen-a, thirteen-b, twenty-one, twenty-384 three and twenty-four of this chapter, attributable to 385 the qualified investment under this article. If any 386 amount of rebate remains after its application against 387 the remaining twenty percent of taxes as aforesaid, 388 the amount remaining shall be carried forward to each 389 ensuing tax year until used or the expiration of the 390 twelfth subsequent tax year in which the qualified 391 investment was placed in service or use in this state 392 by the taxpayer.

393 (m) Unused credit forfeited. — If any credit remains 394 after application of subsection (b) of this subsection, 395 the amount thereof shall be forfeited. No carryover to 396 a subsequent taxable year or carryback to a prior 397 taxable year shall be allowed for the amount of any 398 unused portion of any annual credit allowance, except 399 as specifically provided in subsection (l), (o) or (p) of 400 this section.

401 (n) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to 402 the contrary and notwithstanding the reenactment of 403 this section later in time than the enactment or 404 reenactment of section fourteen of this article, the 405 restrictions, limitations, constraints and provisions of 406 said section shall apply to and supersede the provisions 407 of this section.

408 (o) Deferral of twenty percent of annual credit, 409 eighty percent current limitation. --

410 (1) Eighty percent of the amount of annual credit 411 calculated under subsections (a) through (n) of this 412 section before application of the minimum severance 413 tax against coal and before the adjustment set forth in 414 subsection (p) of this section, shall be applied against 415 the taxes enumerated in subsections (c) through (i), 416 inclusive, of this section for the current tax year.

417 (2) The remaining twenty percent of such annual 418 credit so calculated in subsections (c) through (n) of

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419 this section shall be applied against the taxes enumer-420 ated in subsections (c) through (i), inclusive, of this 421 section beginning in the tenth tax year subsequent to 422 the tax year in which qualified investment was first 423 placed in service or use in this state by the taxpaver. 424 and the amount thereof remaining shall be carried 425 forward each ensuing tax year until used or until the 426 expiration of the twelfth tax year subsequent to the 427 tax year in which qualified investment was first 428 placed in service or use in this state by the taxpayer. 429 No deferral of credit under this subsection shall apply 430 to this credit when applied in such tenth through 431 twelfth years.

432 (p) Additional allowance. —

433 (1) After application of up to eighty percent of 434 annual credit against the taxes enumerated in subsec-435 tions (c) through (i), inclusive, of this section for the current tax year under subsection (o) of this section, 436 437 there shall be allowed an additional amount of credit. 438 as determined under subdivision (2) of this subsection, which may offset up to one hundred percent of the 439 440 remaining taxes enumerated in subsections (g), (h) and (i), in that order, of this section for the current tax 441 year. Any credit calculated and determined under this 442 443 subsection which remains after application against the taxes enumerated in subsections (g), (h) and (i) under 444 this subsection shall be forfeited and shall not car-445 446 ryover to any other taxable year.

447 (2) The amount of credit allowable under this 448 subsection shall be the lesser of one third of the taxpayer's minimum severance tax on coal payable, or 449 450 the taxpayer's net minimum severance tax on coal 451 payable. For purposes of this subsection, the term "net 452 minimum severance tax on coal payable" means the 453 amount of the excess of the minimum severance tax 454 on coal over the amount of the state severance tax on 455 coal severed and extracted by the taxpayer in this state not including the additional severance tax on coal 456 457 imposed by section six, article thirteen-a of this chapter, calculated after application of the credit 458 459 allowed under this article, and before application of all 460 other credits, and after application of the five hundred461 dollar exemption to the said severance tax on coal.

462 (q) Effective date. —

463 (1) This section, as amended in the year one thou-464 sand nine hundred eighty-six, shall be effective upon 465 passage. It shall be retroactive, and shall be in lieu of 466 the method provided by this section for application of 467 this credit prior to this amendment, for qualified 468 investment made on or after the first day of March, 469 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.

470 (2) This section as amended in the year one thou471 sand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall be effective for
472 taxable years ending after the thirtieth day of June,
473 one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

474 (3) This section as amended in the year one thou475 sand nine hundred ninety-three, shall be effective for
476 taxable years ending after the thirty-first day of May,
477 one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

§11-13C-15. One year suspension of new credit entitlements, exceptions, effective date.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 2 article to the contrary, no entitlement to the business 3 investment and jobs expansion tax credit under this 4 article shall result from, and no credit shall be 5 available to any taxpayer for, investment placed in 6 service or use during the period beginning on the date 7 of passage of this section by the Legislature, and 8 ending on the three hundred and sixty sixth day 9 thereafter.

(b) The suspension of new entitlements to credits set
forth in subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to
companies, entities or taxpayers engaged in the
following industries or business activities:

14 (1) Manufacturing, including, but not limited to,
15 chemical processing and chemical manufacturing,
16 manufacture of wood products and forestry products,
17 manufacture of aluminum, manufacture of paper,
18 paper processing, recyclable paper processing, food

processing, manufacture of aircraft or aircraft parts,
manufacture of automobiles or automobile parts, and
all other manufacturing activities, but not timbering
or timber severance or timber hauling, or mineral
severance, hauling, processing or preparation, or coal
severance, hauling, processing or preparation;

(2) Information processing, including, but not limited
to, telemarketing, information processing, systems
engineering, backoffice operations and software
development;

(3) The activity of warehousing, including, but not
limited to, commercial warehousing and the operation
of regional distribution centers by manufacturers,
wholesalers or retailers;

33 (4) The activity of goods distribution;

34 (5) Destination oriented recreation and tourism.

(c) Notwithstanding the fact that a company, entity or taxpayer is engaged in an industry or business activity enumerated in subsection (b) of this section, such company, entity or taxpayer must qualify for the business investment and jobs expansion tax credit by fulfilling the qualified investment, jobs creation and other credit entitlement requirements of the business investment and jobs expansion tax credit act in order to obtain entitlement to any credit under this article. Failure to fulfill the statutory requirements of the business investment and jobs expansion tax credit act will result in a partial or complete loss of the tax credit.

(d) Transition rule. — Notwithstanding any provision herein contained to the contrary, this section shall
not apply to investments for which applications for
credit or applications for projected certification were
filed prior to the effective date of this section.

53 (e) Effective date. — This section shall be effective 54 upon passage by the Legislature.

55 (f) Reports to the Legislature. — On or before the 56 fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 28

57 ninety-four, the secretary of the department of tax 58 and revenue shall submit a report to the governor, the 59 president of the Senate and the speaker of the House 60 of Delegates. The report shall include recommenda-61 tions regarding a tax credit to promote economic 62 development to replace the business investment and 63 jobs expansion credit provided pursuant to this article. 64 The recommended replacement credit should provide 65 for a maximum amount of total credit which may be 66 taken by all taxpayers in any one year so that the total 67 fiscal impact of the credit to the state can be readily 68 determined. The secretary shall consult with all other 69 state agencies that are responsible for economic 70 development in this state and include any recommendations forthcoming from those agencies in the report. 71

ARTICLE 13D. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CREDIT FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION AND REVITALIZATION, FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS, CERTAIN HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS AND MAN-AGEMENT INFORMATION SERVICES FACILITIES.

§11-13D-3e. Application of credit after June 30, 1993.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 2 the contrary, for taxable years ending on and after the 3 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-4 three, the credits allowed under section three may not 5 be applied to reduce the taxes imposed by articles 6 fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter: *Provided*, That 7 this section shall not apply to credits allowed under 8 subsection (g), section three of this article for qualified 9 housing development projects existing in this state on 10 or before the first day of July, one thousand nine 11 hundred ninety-two.

ARTICLE 13E. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CREDIT FOR COAL LOADING FACILITIES.

§11-13E-3b. Application of credit after June 30, 1993.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to

- 2 the contrary, for taxable years ending on and after the
- 3 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 4 three, the credits allowed under section three may not

5 be applied to reduce the taxes imposed by articles6 fifteen and fifteen-a of this chapter.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

§11-15-2. Definitions.

1 For the purpose of this article:

2 (a) "Persons" means any individual, partnership,
3 association, corporation, state or its political subdivi4 sions or agency of either, guardian, trustee, committee,
5 executor or administrator.

6 (b) "Tax commissioner" means the state tax 7 commissioner.

8 (c) "Gross proceeds" means the amount received in
9 money, credits, property or other consideration from
10 sales and services within this state, without deduction
11 on account of the cost of property sold, amounts paid
12 for interest or discounts or other expenses whatsoever.
13 Losses shall not be deducted, but any credit or refund
14 made for goods returned may be deducted.

(d) "Sale", "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer of the possession or ownership of tangible personal property for a consideration, including a lease or rental, when the transfer or delivery is made in the ordinary course of the transferor's business and is made to the transferee or his agent for consumption or use or any other purpose.

(e) "Vendor" means any person engaged in this state
in furnishing services taxed by this article or making
sales of tangible personal property.

(f) "Ultimate consumer" or "consumer" means a
person who uses or consumes services or personal
property.

(g) "Business" includes all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, direct or indirect, and all activities of the state and its political subdivisions which involve sales of tangible personal property or the rendering of services when those service activities compete with or 34 may compete with the activities of other persons.

35 (h) "Tax" includes all taxes, interest and penalties 36 levied hereunder.

(i) "Service" or "selected service" includes all
nonprofessional activities engaged in for other persons
for a consideration, which involve the rendering of a
service as distinguished from the sale of tangible
personal property, but shall not include contracting,
personal services or the services rendered by an
employee to his employer or any service rendered for
resale.

45 (j) "Purchaser" means a person who purchases46 tangible personal property or a service taxed by this47 article.

48 (k) "Personal service" includes those:

49 (1) Compensated by the payment of wages in the 50 ordinary course of employment; and

51 (2) Rendered to the person of an individual without,
52 at the same time, selling tangible personal property,
53 such as nursing, barbering, shoe shining, manicuring
54 and similar services.

55 (1) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the tax 56 imposed by this article.

57 (m) "Drugs" includes all sales of drugs or appliances 58 to a purchaser, upon prescription of a physician or 59 dentist and any other professional person licensed to 60 prescribe.

61 (n) (1) "Directly used or consumed" in the activities 62 of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, com-63 munication or the production of natural resources 64 means used or consumed in those activities or opera-65 tions which constitute an integral and essential part of 66 such activities, as contrasted with and distinguished 67 from those activities or operations which are simply 68 incidental, convenient or remote to such activities.

69 (2) Uses of property or consumption of services 70 which constitute direct use or consumption in the 71 activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmis-72 sion, communication or the production of natural 73 resources includes only:

(A) In the case of tangible personal property, physical incorporation of property into a finished product
resulting from manufacturing production or the
production of natural resources;

(B) Causing a direct physical, chemical or other
change upon property undergoing manufacturing
production or production of natural resources;

81 (C) Transporting or storing property undergoing 82 transportation, communication, transmission, manu-83 facturing production or production of natural 84 resources;

85 (D) Measuring or verifying a change in property 86 directly used in transportation, communication, trans-87 mission, manufacturing production or production of 88 natural resources;

89 (E) Physically controlling or directing the physical 90 movement or operation of property directly used in 91 transportation, communication, transmission, manu-92 facturing production or production of natural 93 resources;

94 (F) Directly and physically recording the flow of 95 property undergoing transportation, communication, 96 transmission, manufacturing production or production 97 of natural resources;

98 (G) Producing energy for property directly used in 99 transportation, communication, transmission, manu-100 facturing production or production of natural 101 resources;

102 (H) Facilitating the transmission of gas, water, steam 103 or electricity from the point of their diversion to 104 property directly used in transportation, communica-105 tion, transmission, manufacturing production or pro-106 duction of natural resources;

107 (I) Controlling or otherwise regulating atmospheric108 conditions required for transportation, communication,

109 transmission, manufacturing production or production110 of natural resources;

111 (J) Serving as an operating supply for property 112 undergoing transmission, manufacturing production or 113 production of natural resources, or for property 114 directly used in transportation, communication, trans-115 mission, manufacturing production or production of 116 natural resources;

117 (K) Maintenance or repair of property, including
118 maintenance equipment, directly used in transporta119 tion, communication, transmission, manufacturing
120 production or production of natural resources;

(L) Storage, removal or transportation of economic
waste resulting from the activities of manufacturing,
transportation, communication, transmission or the
production of natural resources;

(M) Pollution control or environmental quality or protection activity directly relating to the activities of manufacturing, transportation, communication, transmission or the production of natural resources and personnel, plant, product or community safety or security activity directly relating to the activities of manufacturing, transportation, communication, transmission or the production of natural resources; or

133 (N) Otherwise be used as an integral and essential
134 part of transportation, communication, transmission,
135 manufacturing production or production of natural
136 resources.

(3) Uses of property or services which would not
constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of
manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources
includes, but are not limited to:

142 (A) Heating and illumination of office buildings;

143 (B) Janitorial or general cleaning activities;

144 (C) Personal comfort of personnel;

145 (D) Production planning, scheduling of work, or

146 inventory control;

147 (E) Marketing, general management, supervision,148 finance, training, accounting and administration; or

(F) An activity or function incidental or convenient
to transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources, rather than an integral and essential part of such
activities.

154 (o) "Contracting":

155 (1) In general. — "Contracting" means and includes 156 the furnishing of work, or both materials and work, 157 for another (by a sole contractor, general contractor, 158 prime contractor or subcontractor) in fulfillment of a 159 contract for the construction, alteration, repair, deco-160 ration or improvement of a new or existing building or 161 structure, or any part thereof, or for removal or 162 demolition of a building or structure, or any part 163 thereof, or for the alteration, improvement or develop-164 ment of real property.

165 (2) Form of contract not controlling. — An activity 166 that falls within the scope of the definition of contract-167 ing shall constitute contracting regardless of whether 168 such contract governing the activity is written or 169 verbal and regardless of whether it is in substance or 170 form a lump sum contract, a cost-plus contract, a time 171 and materials contract, whether or not open-ended, or 172 any other kind of construction contract.

173 (3) Special rules. — For purposes of this definition:

(A) The term "structure" includes, but is not limited to, everything built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner and attached or affixed to real property, or which adds utility to real property or any part thereof, or which adds utility to a particular parcel of property and is intended to remain there for an indefinite period of time.

181 (B) The term "alteration" means, and is limited to, 182 alterations which are capital improvements to a 183 building or structure or to real property. 184 (C) The term "repair" means, and is limited to,
185 repairs which are capital improvements to a building
186 or structure or to real property.

(D) The term "decoration" means, and is limited to,
decorations which are capital improvements to a
building or structure or to real property.

(E) The term "improvement" means, and is limited
to, improvements which are capital improvements to a
building or structure or to real property.

(F) The term "capital improvement" means improvements that are affixed to or attached to and become a part of a building or structure or the real property or which add utility to real property or any part thereof and that last, or are intended to be relatively permanent. As used herein, "relatively permanent" means lasting at least a year or longer in duration without the necessity for regularly scheduled recurring service to maintain such capital improvement. "Regular recurring service" means regularly scheduled service intervals of less than one year.

(G) Contracting does not include the furnishing of 204 205 work, or both materials and work in the nature of 206 hookup, connection, installation or other services if 207 such service is incidental to the retail sale of tangible 208 personal property from the service provider's invento-209 ry: Provided, That such hookup, connection or instal-210 lation of the foregoing is incidental to the sale of the 211 same and performed by the seller thereof or per-212 formed in accordance with arrangements made by the 213 seller thereof. Examples of transactions that are 214 excluded from the definition of contracting pursuant 215 hereto include, but are not limited to, the sale of wall-216 to-wall carpeting and the installation of wall-to-wall 217 carpeting, the sale, hookup and connection of mobile 218 homes, window air conditioning units, dishwashers, 219 clothing washing machines or dryers, other household appliances, drapery rods, window shades, venetian 220 blinds, canvas awnings, free standing industrial or 221 222 commercial equipment and other similar items of tangible personal property. Repairs made to the 223

224 foregoing are within the definition of contracting if 225 such repairs involve permanently affixing to or 226 improving real property or something attached thereto 227 which extends the life of the real property or some-228 thing affixed thereto or allows or is intended to allow 229 such real property or thing permanently attached 230 thereto to remain in service for a year or longer.

(p) "Manufacturing" means a systematic operation or integrated series of systematic operations engaged in as a business or segment of a business which transforms or converts tangible personal property by physical, chemical or other means into a different form, composition or character from that in which it originally existed.

(q) "Transportation" means the act or process of
conveying, as a commercial enterprise, passengers or
goods from one place or geographical location to
another place or geographical location.

242 (r) "Transmission" means the act or process of 243 causing liquid, natural gas or electricity to pass or be 244 conveyed from one place or geographical location to 245 another place or geographical location through a 246 pipeline or other medium for commercial purposes.

(s) "Communication" means all telephone, radio,
light, light wave, radio telephone, telegraph and other
communication or means of communication, whether
used for voice communication, computer data transmission or other encoded symbolic information
transfers and shall include commercial broadcast
radio, commercial broadcast television and cable
television.

(t) "Production of natural resources" means the performance, by either the owner of the natural resources or another, of the act or process of exploring, developing, severing, extracting, reducing to possession, processing and loading for shipment and shipment for sale, profit or commercial use of any natural resource products and any reclamation, waste disposal or environmental activities associated therewith. 263 (u) "Management information services facility" 264 means a building, or any part thereof, or a complex of 265 buildings, or any part thereof, including the machin-266 ery and equipment located therein, that is exclusively 267 dedicated to providing management information servi-268 ces to the owner or operator thereof or to another 269 person.

270 (v) "Management information services" means, and 271 is limited to, data processing, data storage, data 272 recovery and backup, programming recovery and 273 backup, telecommunications, computation and com-274 puter processing, computer programming, electronic 275 information, and data management activities, or any 276 combination of such activities, when such activity, or 277 activities, is not subject to regulation by the West 278 Virginia public service commission and such activity, 279 or activities, is for the purpose of managing, planning 280 for, organizing, or operating, any industrial or com-281 mercial business, or any enterprise, facility or facilities 282 of an industrial or commercial business, whether such 283 industrial or commercial business or enterprise, 284 facility or facilities of an industrial or commercial 285 business is located within or without this state and 286 without regard to whether such industrial or commer-287 cial business, or enterprise, facility or facilities of an 288 industrial or commercial business is owned by the 289 provider of the management information services or by a "related person", as defined in Section 267(b) of 290 291 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

292 (w) (1) "Directly used or consumed" in the activities 293 of gas storage, the generation or production or sale of 294 electric power, the provision of a public utility service 295 or the operation of a utility business, means used or 296 consumed in those activities or operations which 297 constitute an integral and essential part of such 298 activities or operation, as contrasted with and distin-299 guished from activities or operations which are simply incidental, convenient or remote to such activities. 300

301 (2) Uses of property or consumption of services 302 which constitute direct use or consumption in the 303 activities of gas storage, the generation or production 304 of sale of electric power, the provision of a public 305 utility service or the operation of a utility business 306 include only:

307 (A) Tangible personal property or services, including 308 equipment, machinery, apparatus, supplies, fuel and 309 power and appliances, which are used immediately in 310 production or generation activities and equipment, 311 machinery, supplies, tools and repair parts used to keep in operation exempt production or generation 312 devices. For purposes of this subsection, production or 313 314 generation activities shall commence from the intake, 315 receipt or storage of raw materials at the production 316 plant site;

317 (B) Tangible personal property or services, including 318 equipment, machinery, apparatus, supplies, fuel and 319 power, appliances, pipes, wires and mains which are 320 used immediately in the transmission or distribution of gas, water and electricity to the public, and equip-321 322 ment, machinery, tools, repair parts and supplies used 323 to keep in operation exempt transmission or distribution devices, and such vehicles and their equipment as 324 325 are specifically designed and equipped for such pur-326 poses are exempt from the tax when used to keep a 327 transmission or distribution system in operation or 328 repair. For purposes of this subsection, transmission or 329 distribution activities shall commence from the close of production at a production plant or wellhead when 330 a product is ready for transmission or distribution to 331 332 the public and shall conclude at the point where the 333 product is received by the public;

(C) Tangible personal property or services, including
equipment, machinery, apparatus, supplies, fuel and
power, appliance, pipes, wires and mains, which are
used immediately in the storage of gas or water, and
equipment, machinery, tools, supplies and repair parts
used to keep in operation exempt storage devices.

340 (D) Tangible personal property or services used
341 immediately in the storage, removal or transportation
342 of economic waste resulting from the activities of gas
343 storage, the generation or production or sale of electric

344 power, the provision of a public utility service, or the 345 operation of a utility business.

346 (E) Tangible personal property or services used 347 immediately in pollution control or environmental 348 quality or protection activity or community safety or 349 security directly relating to the activities of gas 350 storage, generation or production or sale of electric 351 power, the provision of a public utility service or the 352 operation of a utility business.

(3) Uses of property or services which would not
constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of
gas storage, generation or production or sale of electric
power, the provision of a public utility service or the
operation of a utility business include, but are not
limited to:

359 (A) Heating and illumination of office buildings;

360 (B) Janitorial or general cleaning activities;

361 (C) Personal comfort of personnel;

362 (D) Production planning, scheduling of work or 363 inventory control;

364 (E) Marketing, general management, supervision,365 finance, training, accounting and administration; or

366 (F) An activity or function incidental or convenient 367 to the activities of gas storage, generation or produc-368 tion or sale of electric power, the provision of public 369 utility service or the operation of a utility business.

370 (x) "Gas storage" means the injection of gas into a 371 storage reservoir, or the storage of gas for any period 372 of time in a storage reservoir, or the withdrawal of gas 373 from a storage reservoir, engaged in by businesses 374 subject to the business and occupation tax imposed by 375 sections two and two-e, article thirteen, chapter eleven 376 of this code.

(y) "Generating or producing or selling of electric
power" means the generation, production or sale of
electric power engaged in by businesses subject to the
business and occupation tax imposed by sections two,

two-d, two-m or two-n, article thirteen, chapter elevenof this code.

(z) "Providing a public service or the operating of a
utility business" means the providing of a public
service or the operating of a utility by businesses
subject to the business and occupation tax imposed by
sections two and two-d, article thirteen of this chapter.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

1 The following sales and services are exempt:

2 (a) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to 3 consumers through mains or pipes and sales of 4 electricity;

5 (b) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of 6 the schools of this state or in any institution in this 7 state which qualifies as a nonprofit or educational 8 institution subject to the West Virginia department of 9 education and the arts, board of trustees of the 10 university system of West Virginia or the board of 11 directors for colleges located in this state;

12 (c) Sales of property or services to the state, its 13 institutions or subdivisions, governmental units, 14 institutions or subdivisions of other states: *Provided*, 15 That the law of such other state provides the same 16 exemption to governmental units or subdivisions of 17 this state and to the United States, including agencies 18 of federal, state or local governments for distribution 19 in public welfare or relief work;

20 (d) Sales of vehicles which are titled by the division
21 of motor vehicles and which are subject to the tax
22 imposed by section four, article three, chapter seven23 teen-a of this code, or like tax;

(e) Sales of property or services to churches and
bona fide charitable organizations who make no
charge whatsoever for the services they render: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall
apply only to services, equipment, supplies, food for
meals and materials directly used or consumed by
these organizations, and shall not apply to purchases of

31 gasoline or special fuel;

32 (f) Sales of tangible personal property or services to 33 a corporation or organization which has a current 34 registration certificate issued under article twelve of 35 this chapter is exempt from federal income taxes 36 under Section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Reve-37 nue Code of 1986, as amended, and is:

38 (1) A church or a convention or association of
39 churches as defined in Section 170 of the Internal
40 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

41 (2) An elementary or secondary school which main-42 tains a regular faculty and curriculum and has a 43 regularly enrolled body of pupils or students in 44 attendance at the place in this state where its educa-45 tional activities are regularly carried on;

46 (3) A corporation or organization which annually
47 receives more than one half of its support from any
48 combination of gifts, grants, direct or indirect charita49 ble contributions or membership fees;

50 (4) An organization which has no paid employees 51 and its gross income from fund raisers, less reasonable 52 and necessary expenses incurred to raise such gross 53 income (or the tangible personal property or services 54 purchased with such net income), is donated to an 55 organization which is exempt from income taxes 56 under Section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Reve-57 nue Code of 1986, as amended;

58 (5) A youth organization, such as the girl scouts of 59 the United States of America, the boy scouts of 60 America or the YMCA Indian guide/princess program 61 and the local affiliates thereof, which is organized and 62 operated exclusively for charitable purposes and has as 63 its primary purpose the nonsectarian character devel-64 opment and citizenship training of its members;

65 (6) For purposes of this subsection:

66 (A) The term "support" includes, but is not limited 67 to:

68 (i) Gifts, grants, contributions or membership fees;

69 (ii) Gross receipts from fund raisers which include
70 receipts from admissions, sales of merchandise, perfor71 mance of services or furnishing of facilities in any
72 activity which is not an unrelated trade or business
73 within the meaning of Section 513 of the Internal
74 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(iii) Net income from unrelated business activities,
whether or not such activities are carried on regularly
as a trade or business;

(iv) Gross investment income as defined in Section
509(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
amended;

(v) Tax revenues levied for the benefit of a corporation or organization either paid to or expended on
behalf of such organization; and

84 (vi) The value of services or facilities (exclusive of 85 services or facilities generally furnished to the public 86 without charge) furnished by a governmental unit 87 referred to in Section 170(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue 88 Code of 1986, as amended, to an organization without 89 charge. This term does not include any gain from the 90 sale or other disposition of property which would be 91 considered as gain from the sale or exchange of a 92 capital asset, or the value of an exemption from any 93 federal, state or local tax or any similar benefit;

94 (B) The term "charitable contribution" means a
95 contribution or gift to or for the use of a corporation
96 or organization, described in Section 170(c)(2) of the
97 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

98 (C) The term "membership fee" does not include 99 any amounts paid for tangible personal property or 100 specific services rendered to members by the corpora-101 tion or organization; or

(7) The exemption allowed by this subdivision does
not apply to sales of gasoline or special fuel or to sales
of tangible personal property or services to be used or
consumed in the generation of unrelated business
income as defined in Section 513 of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The provisions of

108 this subsection as amended by this article shall apply 109 to sales made after the thirtieth day of June, one 110 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: *Provided*, That 111 the exemption herein granted shall apply only to 112 services, equipment, supplies and materials used or 113 consumed in the activities for which such organiza-114 tions qualify as tax exempt organizations under the 115 Internal Revenue Code by these organizations and 116 shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

117 (g) Sales of property or services to persons engaged 118 in this state in the business of manufacturing, trans-119 portation, transmission, communication or in the 120 production of natural resources: Provided, That on and 121 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 122 eighty-seven, the exemption provided in this subsec-123 tion shall apply only to services, machinery, supplies 124 and materials directly used or consumed in the 125 activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmis-126 sion, communication or the production of natural 127 resources in the businesses or organizations named 128 above and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or 129 special fuel: Provided, however, That on and after the 130 first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-131 three, the exemption provided in this subsection shall 132 apply only to services, machinery, supplies and mate-133 rials directly used or consumed in the activities of 134 manufacturing, transportation, transmission, commu-135 nication, production of natural resources, gas storage, 136 generation or production of selling electric power, 137 provision of a public utility service or the operation of 138 a utility service or the operation of a utility business, 139 in the businesses or organizations named above and 140 shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or gasoline or 141 special fuel;

(h) An isolated transaction in which any taxable
service or any tangible personal property is sold,
transferred, offered for sale or delivered by the owner
thereof or by his representative for the owner's
account, such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery
not being made in the ordinary course of repeated and
successive transactions of like character by such owner

149 or on his account by such representative: *Provided*, 150 That nothing contained herein may be construed to 151 prevent an owner who sells, transfers or offers for sale 152 tangible personal property in an isolated transaction 153 through an auctioneer from availing himself or herself 154 of the exemption provided herein, regardless where 155 such isolated sale takes place. The tax commissioner 156 may adopt such legislative rule pursuant to chapter 157 twenty-nine-a of this code as he deems necessary for 158 the efficient administration of this exemption;

(i) Sales of tangible personal property or of any taxable services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the commercial production of an agricultural product the ultimate sale of which will be subject to the tax imposed by this article or which would have been subject to tax under this article: *Provided*, That sales of tangible personal property and services to be used or consumed in the construction of or permanent improvement to real property and sales of gasoline and special fuel shall not be exempt: *Provided*, however, That nails and fencing shall not be considered as improvements to real property;

171 (j) Sales of tangible personal property to a person for 172 the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal 173 property: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special 174 fuel by distributors and importers shall be taxable 175 except when the sale is to another distributor for 176 resale: Provided, however, That sales of building 177 materials or building supplies or other property to any 178 person engaging in the activity of contracting, as 179 defined in this article, which is to be installed in, 180 affixed to or incorporated by such person or his agent 181 into any real property, building or structure shall not 182 be exempt under this subsection, except that sales of 183 tangible personal property to a person engaging in the 184 activity of contracting pursuant to a written contract 185 with the United States, this state, or with a political 186 subdivision thereof, or with a public corporation 187 created by the Legislature or by another governmental 188 entity pursuant to an act of the Legislature, for a 189 building or structure, or improvement thereto, or

190 other improvement to real property that is or will be 191 owned and used by the governmental entity for a 192 governmental or proprietary purpose, who incorpo-193 rates such property in such building, structure or 194 improvement shall, with respect to such tangible 195 personal property, nevertheless be deemed to be the 196 vendor of such property to the governmental entity 197 and any person seeking to qualify for and assert this 198 exception must do so pursuant to such legislative rules 199 and regulations as the tax commissioner may promul-200 gate and upon such forms as the tax commissioner 201 may prescribe. A subcontractor who, pursuant to a 202 written subcontract with a prime contractor who 203 qualifies for this exception, provides equipment, or 204 materials, and labor to such a prime contractor shall 205 be treated in the same manner as the prime contractor 206 is treated with respect to the prime contract under 207 this exception and the legislative rules and regulations 208 promulgated by the tax commissioner: Provided 209 further, That the exemption for government contrac-210 tors in the preceding proviso shall expire on the first 211 day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety, 212 subject to the transition rules set forth in section 213 eight-c of this article;

(k) Sales of property or services to nationally
chartered fraternal or social organizations for the sole
purpose of free distribution in public welfare or relief
work: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel
shall be taxable;

(1) Sales and services, fire fighting or station house
equipment, including construction and automotive,
made to any volunteer fire department organized and
incorporated under the laws of the state of West
Virginia: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special
fuel shall be taxable;

225 (m) Sales of newspapers when delivered to consu-226 mers by route carriers;

(n) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription andsales of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;

(0) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time,

230 preprinted advertising circulars and newspaper and
231 outdoor advertising space for the advertisement of
232 goods or services;

233 (p) Sales and services performed by day-care centers;

(q) Casual and occasional sales of property or
services not conducted in a repeated manner or in the
ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character by a corporation or organization
which is exempt from tax under subsection (f) of this
section on its purchases of tangible personal property
or services:

241 (1) For purposes of this subsection, the term "casual 242 and occasional sales not conducted in a repeated 243 manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and 244 successive transactions of like character" means sales 245 of tangible personal property or services at fund raisers sponsored by a corporation or organization 246 247 which is exempt, under subsection (f) of this section, 248 from payment of the tax imposed by this article on its purchases, when such fund raisers are of limited 249 250 duration and are held no more than six times during 251 any twelve-month period and limited duration means 252 no more than eighty-four consecutive hours;

(2) The provisions of this subsection, as amended by
this article, shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth
day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine;

(r) Sales of property or services to a school which has approval from the board of trustees of the university system of West Virginia or the board of directors of the state college system to award degrees, which has its principal campus in this state, and which is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;

265 (s) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by purchas-266 ers as their principal year-round residence and dwell-267 ing: *Provided*, That these mobile homes shall be 268 subject to tax at the three percent rate; (t) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed
lottery sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by
the state lottery commission, under the provisions of
article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;

(u) Leases of motor vehicles titled pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code to lessees for a period of thirty or more consecutive days. This exemption shall apply to leases executed on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and to payments under long-term leases executed before such date, for months thereof beginning on or after such date;

281 (v) Sales of propane to consumers for poultry house 282 heating purposes, with any seller to such consumer who may have prior paid such tax in his price, to not 283 284 pass on the same to the consumer, but to make 285 application and receive refund of such tax from the 286 tax commissioner, pursuant to rules and regulations 287 which shall be promulgated by the tax commissioner; 288 and notwithstanding the provisions of section eighteen of this article or any other provisions of such article to 289 290 the contrary;

291 (w) Any sales of tangible personal property or services purchased after the thirtieth day of Septem-292 ber, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and 293 294 lawfully paid for with food stamps pursuant to the federal food stamp program codified in 7 United States 295 Code, §2011, et seq., as amended, or with drafts issued 296 297 through the West Virginia special supplemental food program for women, infants and children codified in 298 299 42 United States Code, §1786;

300 (x) Sales of tickets for activities sponsored by 301 elementary and secondary schools located within this 302 state;

303 (y) Sales of electronic data processing services and 304 related software: *Provided*, That for the purposes of 305 this subsection "electronic data processing services" 306 means: (1) The processing of another's data, including 307 all processes incident to processing of data such as 308 keypunching, keystroke verification, rearranging or 309 sorting of previously documented data for the purpose 310 of data entry or automatic processing and changing the 311 medium on which data is sorted, whether these 312 processes are done by the same person or several 313 persons; and (2) providing access to computer equip-314 ment for the purpose of processing data or examining 315 or acquiring data stored in or accessible to such 316 computer equipment;

317 (z) Tuition charged for attending educational318 summer camps;

(aa) Sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to an organization qualified under Section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which are to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated by such organization or its agent into real property, or into a building or structure which is or will be used as permanent low-income housing, transitional housing, emergency homeless shelter, domestic violence shelter or emergency children and youth shelter if such shelter is owned, managed, developed or operated by an organization qualified under Section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(bb) Dispensing of services performed by one corporation for another corporation when both corporations are members of the same controlled group. Control means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of a corporation entitled to vote or ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the value of the corporation;

341 (cc) Food for the following shall be exempt:

342 (1) Food purchased or sold by public or private
343 schools, school sponsored student organizations or
344 school sponsored parent-teacher associations to stu345 dents enrolled in such school or to employees of such
346 school during normal school hours; but not those sales
347 of food made to the general public;

48

348 (2) Food purchased or sold by a public or private 349 college or university or by a student organization 350 officially recognized by such college or university to 351 students enrolled at such college or university when 352 such sales are made on a contract basis so that a fixed 353 price is paid for consumption of food products for a 354 specific period of time without respect to the amount 355 of food product actually consumed by the particular 356 individual contracting for the sale and no money is 357 paid at the time the food product is served or 358 consumed;

(3) Food purchased or sold by a charitable or private
nonprofit organization, a nonprofit organization or a
governmental agency under a program to provide food
to low-income persons at or below cost;

363 (4) Food sold in an occasional sale by a charitable or 364 nonprofit organization including volunteer fire depart-365 ments and rescue squads, if the purpose of the sale is 366 to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of 367 the organization and the revenue so obtained is 368 actually expended for that purpose;

369 (5) Food sold by any religious organization at a social 370 or other gathering conducted by it or under its 371 auspices, if the purpose in selling the food is to obtain 372 revenue for the functions and activities of the organi-373 zation and the revenue obtained from selling the food 374 is actually used in carrying on such functions and 375 activities: *Provided*, That purchases made by such 376 organizations shall not be exempt as a purchase for 377 resale;

378 (dd) Sales of food by little leagues, midget football 379 leagues, youth football or soccer leagues and similar 380 types of organizations, including scouting groups and 381 church youth groups, if the purpose in selling the food 382 is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of 383 the organization and the revenues obtained from 384 selling the food is actually used in supporting or 385 carrying on functions and activities of the groups: 386 *Provided*, That such purchases made by such organi-387 zations shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale; (ee) Charges for room and meals by fraternities and
sororities to their members: *Provided*, That such
purchases made by a fraternity or sorority shall not be
exempt as a purchase for resale;

392 (ff) Sales of or charges for the transportation of 393 passengers in interstate commerce;

(gg) Sales of tangible personal property or services to
any person which this state is prohibited from taxing
under the laws of the United States or under the
constitution of this state;

(hh) Sales of tangible personal property or services
to any person who claims exemption from the tax
imposed by this article or article fifteen-a of this
chapter pursuant to the provisions of any other
chapter of this code;

403 (ii) Charges for the services of opening and closing404 a burial lot;

405 (jj) Sales of livestock, poultry or other farm products in their original state by the producer thereof or a 406 407 member of the producer's immediate family who is 408 not otherwise engaged in making retail sales of 409 tangible personal property; and sales of livestock sold 410 at public sales sponsored by breeder's or registry 411 associations or livestock auction markets: Provided, 412 That the exemptions allowed by this subsection shall apply to sales made on or after the first day of July, 413 414 one thousand nine hundred ninety, and may be 415 claimed without presenting or obtaining exemption 416 certificates: Provided, however, That the farmer shall 417 maintain adequate records;

418 (kk) Sales of motion picture films to motion picture exhibitors for exhibition if the sale of tickets or the 419 charge for admission to the exhibition of the film is 420 421 subject to the tax imposed by this article and sales of coin-operated video arcade machines or video arcade 422 games to a person engaged in the business of providing 423 424 such machines to the public for a charge upon which the tax imposed by this article is remitted to the tax 425 426 commissioner: Provided, That the exemption provided 427 in this subsection shall apply to sales made on or after
428 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
429 ninety, and may be claimed by presenting to the seller
430 a properly executed exemption certificate;

431 (11) Sales of aircraft repair, remodeling and mainte-432 nance services when such services are to an aircraft 433 operated by a certified or licensed carrier of persons or 434 property, or by a governmental entity, or to an engine 435 or other component part of an aircraft operated by a 436 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property, 437 or by a governmental entity and sales of tangible 438 personal property that is permanently affixed or 439 permanently attached as a component part of an 440 aircraft owned or operated by a certificated or licensed 441 carrier of persons or property, or by a governmental 442 entity, as part of the repair, remodeling or mainte-443 nance service and sales of machinery, tools, or equip-444 ment, directly used or consumed exclusively in the 445 repair, remodeling, or maintenance of aircraft, aircraft 446 engines, or aircraft component parts, for a certificated 447 or licensed carrier of persons or property, or for a 448 governmental entity;

449 (mm) Sales of tangible personal property and servi-450 ces to a person entitled to claim the tax credit for 451 investment in certain management information servi-452 ces facilities allowed under section three-c, article 453 thirteen-d of this chapter, pursuant to the issuance of a management information services tax credit certifi-454 455 cation by the tax commissioner in accordance with 456 subsection (e) of said section, when such property or 457 services are directly used or consumed by the purchas-458 er in the operation of the management information services facility, as defined in section two of this 459 article for which credit is allowed under section three-460 c, article thirteen-d of this chapter. Tangible personal 461 property, or services, directly used or consumed in the 462 operation of a management information services 463 facility includes only: (1) Computer processing and 464 telecommunications equipment; (2) data storage and 465 input/output devices; (3) disaster recovery services; (4) 466 supplies; (5) application, telecommunication and oper-467

468 ating system software; (6) repair and maintenance of 469 any of the aforesaid items; and (7) other tangible 470 personal property or services directly used or con-471 sumed in the operation of a management information 472 services facility: Provided, That the property is pur-473 chased or leased after the thirty-first day of March, 474 one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. This exemp-475 tion shall not apply to tangible personal property, or 476 services, that are not directly used or consumed in the 477 operation of a management information services 478 facility, or to gasoline or special fuel: Provided, 479 however, That nothing in this paragraph shall be 480 construed to limit, exclude or preclude the application 481 or availability of any other exemption set forth in this 482 section, or elsewhere in this code, which might 483 otherwise apply to any sale of tangible personal 484 property or services;

485 (nn) Charges for memberships or services provided
486 by health and fitness organizations relating to person487 alized fitness programs;

488 (oo) Sales of services by individuals who baby-sit for 489 a profit: *Provided*, That the gross receipts of the 490 individual from the performance of baby sitting 491 services does not exceed five thousand dollars in a 492 taxable year; and

(pp) A corporation or organization which is a notfor-profit entity which charges membership dues utilized for and contributing significantly to traffic and pedestrian safety and education programs whether or not the corporation or organization is exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-12. West Virginia adjusted gross income of resident individual.

1 (a) General. — The West Virginia adjusted gross 2 income of a resident individual means his federal 3 adjusted gross income as defined in the laws of the

4 United States for the taxable year with the modifica-

5 tions specified in this section.

6 (b) Modifications increasing federal adjusted gross 7 income. — There shall be added to federal adjusted 8 gross income unless already included therein the 9 following items:

10 (1) Interest income on obligations of any state other
11 than this state or of a political subdivision of any such
12 other state unless created by compact or agreement to
13 which this state is a party;

14 (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or
15 securities of any authority, commission or instrumen16 tality of the United States, which the laws of the
17 United States exempt from federal income tax but not
18 from state income taxes;

(3) Income taxes imposed by this state or any other
taxing jurisdiction, to the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and not credited
against federal income tax: *Provided*, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning
after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand
nine hundred eighty-six;

(4) Interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to
purchase or carry obligations or securities the income
from which is exempt from tax under this article, to
the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted
gross income;

31 (5) Interest on a depository institution tax-exempt
32 savings certificate which is allowed as an exclusion
33 from federal gross income under Section 128 of the
34 Internal Revenue Code, for the federal taxable year;

(6) The amount allowed as a deduction from federal
gross income under Section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code by married couples who file a joint federal
return for the federal taxable year: *Provided*, That this
modification shall not be made for taxable years
beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one
thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

42 (7) The deferral value of certain income that is not

43 recognized for federal tax purposes, which value shall 44 be an amount equal to a percentage of the amount 45 allowed as a deduction in determining federal adjusted 46 gross income pursuant to the accelerated cost recovery 47 system under Section 168 of the Internal Revenue 48 Code for the federal taxable year, with the percentage 49 of the federal deduction to be added as follows with 50 respect to the following recovery property: Three-year 51 property — no modification; five-year property — ten percent; ten-year property - fifteen percent; fifteen-52 year public utility property - twenty-five percent; 53 and fifteen-year real property - thirty-five percent: 54 Provided, That this modification shall not apply to any 55 person whose federal deduction is determined by the 56 use of the straight line method: Provided, however, 57 That this modification shall not be made for taxable 58 years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, 59 one thousand nine hundred eighty-six; and 60

61 (8) The amount of a lump sum distribution for 62 which the taxpayer has elected under Section 402(e) of 63 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to be 64 separately taxed for federal income tax purposes.

65 (c) Modifications reducing federal adjusted gross 66 income. — There shall be subtracted from federal 67 adjusted gross income to the extent included therein:

68 (1) Interest income on obligations of the United
69 States and its possessions to the extent includible in
70 gross income for federal income tax purposes;

71 (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or 72 securities of any authority, commission or instrumen-73 tality of the United States or of the state of West 74 Virginia to the extent includible in gross income for 75 federal income tax purposes but exempt from state 76 income taxes under the laws of the United States or of 77 the state of West Virginia, including federal interest or 78 dividends paid to shareholders of a regulated invest-79 ment company, under Section 852 of the Internal 80 Revenue Code for taxable years ending after the 81 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 82 eighty-seven;

83 (3) Any gain from the sale or other disposition of 84 property having a higher fair market value on the first 85 day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, 86 than the adjusted basis at said date for federal income 87 tax purposes: Provided, That the amount of this 88 adjustment is limited to that portion of any such gain 89 which does not exceed the difference between such 90 fair market value and such adjusted basis: Provided, 91 however, That if such gain is considered a long-term 92 capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the 93 modification shall be limited to forty percent of such 94 portion of the gain: Provided further, That this 95 modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one 96 97 thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

98 (4) The amount of any refund or credit for overpay-99 ment of income taxes imposed by this state, or any 100 other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent properly 101 included in gross income for federal income tax 102 purposes;

103 (5) Annuities, retirement allowances, returns of 104 contributions and any other benefit received under 105 the West Virginia public employees retirement system, 106 the West Virginia state teachers retirement system 107 and all forms of military retirement, including regular armed forces, reserves and national guard, including 108 109 any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to the 110 extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes: Provided, That notwithstanding any 111 112 provisions in this code to the contrary this modifica-113 tion shall be limited to the first two thousand dollars 114 of benefits received under the West Virginia public 115 employees retirement system, the West Virginia state 116 teachers retirement system and all forms of military 117 retirement including regular armed forces, reserves and national guard, including any survivorship annui-118 ties derived therefrom, to the extent includible in 119 120 gross income for federal income tax purposes for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of 121 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six; and 122 123 the first two thousand dollars of benefits received

124 under any federal retirement system to which Title 4 125 U.S.C. §111 applies: *Provided, however,* That the total 126 modification under this paragraph shall not exceed 127 two thousand dollars per person receiving such retire-128 ment benefits and this limitation shall apply to all 129 returns or amended returns filed after the last day of 130 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight;

131 (6) Retirement income received in the form of 132 pensions and annuities after the thirty-first day of 133 December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, 134 under any West Virginia police, West Virginia fire-135 men's retirement system or the West Virginia depart-136 ment of public safety death, disability and retirement 137 fund, including any survivorship annuities derived 138 therefrom, to the extent includible in gross income for 139 federal income tax purposes;

140 (7) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of 141 eight thousand dollars received from any source after 142 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, by any person who has attained 143 the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the 144 taxable year, or by any person certified by proper 145 authority as permanently and totally disabled, regard-146 147 less of age, on or before the last day of the taxable year, to the extent includible in federal adjusted gross 148 income for federal tax purposes: Provided, That if a 149 person has a medical certification from a prior year 150 151 and he is still permanently and totally disabled, a copy of the original certificate is acceptable as proof of 152 disability. A copy of the form filed for the federal 153 154 disability income tax exclusion is acceptable: Provided, 155 however. That:

(i) Where the total modification under subdivisions
(1), (2), (5) and (6) of this subsection is eight thousand
dollars per person or more, no deduction shall be
allowed under this subdivision; and

160 (ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions 161 (1), (2), (5) and (6) of this subsection is less than eight 162 thousand dollars per person, the total modification 163 allowed under this subdivision for all gross income 164 received by such person shall be limited to the 165 difference between eight thousand dollars and the sum 166 of modifications under such subdivisions;

167 (8) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of 168 eight thousand dollars received from any source after 169 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 170 hundred eighty-six, by the surviving spouse of any 171 person who had attained the age of sixty-five or who 172 had been certified as permanently and totally disabled, 173 to the extent includible in federal adjusted gross 174 income for federal tax purposes: *Provided*, That:

175 (i) Where the total modification under subdivisions 176 (1), (2), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection is eight 177 thousand dollars or more, no deduction shall be 178 allowed under this subdivision; and

(ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions
(1), (2), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection is less than
eight thousand dollars per person, the total modification allowed under this subdivision for all gross
income received by such person shall be limited to the
difference between eight thousand dollars and the sum
of such subdivisions;

(9) Any pay or allowances received, after the thirtyfirst day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, by West Virginia residents who have not attained the age of sixty-five, as compensation for active service in the armed forces of the United States: *Provided*, That such deduction shall be limited to an amount not to exceed four thousand dollars: *Provided*, *however*, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

(10) Gross income to the extent included in federal
adjusted gross income under Section 86 of the Internal
Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes: Provided, That this modification shall not be made for
taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of
December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

202 (11) The amount of any lottery prize awarded by the

203 West Virginia state lottery commission, to the extent 204 properly included in gross income for federal income 205 tax purposes: *Provided*, That for taxable years begin-206 ning after the thirty-first day of December, one 207 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, this modification 208 shall not be made for lottery prizes awarded by the 209 West Virginia state lottery commission.

(12) Any other income which this state is prohibitedfrom taxing under the laws of the United States.

(d) Modification for West Virginia fiduciary adjustment. — There shall be added to or subtracted from
federal adjusted gross income, as the case may be, the
taxpayer's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of
the West Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined
under section nineteen of this article.

(e) Partners and S corporation shareholders. — The
amounts of modifications required to be made under
this section by a partner or an S corporation shareholder, which relate to items of income, gain, loss or
deduction of a partnership or an S corporation, shall
be determined under section seventeen of this article.

(f) Husband and wife. — If husband and wife determine their federal income tax on a joint return but determine their West Virginia income taxes separately, they shall determine their West Virginia adjusted gross incomes separately as if their federal adjusted gross incomes had been determined separately.

§11-21-77. Extension of withholding to certain lottery winnings.

1 (a) Lottery winnings subject to withholding. — 2 Proceeds of more than five thousand dollars from any 3 lottery prize awarded by the West Virginia state 4 lottery commission shall be subject to withholding. 5 The West Virginia state lottery commission in making 6 any payment of a lottery prize subject to withholding 7 shall deduct and withhold from such payment a tax in 8 an amount equal to six and one-half percent of such 9 payment. 10 (b) Statement by recipient. — Every person who is 11 to receive payment of winning which are subject to 12 withholding shall furnish the person making such 13 payment a statement made under the penalties of 14 perjury, containing the name, address and taxpayer 15 identification number of the person receiving the 16 payment and each person entitled to any portion of 17 such payment.

18 (c) Coordination with other sections. — For the
19 purposes of determining liability for payment of taxes
20 and filing of returns, payments of winnings which are
21 subject to withholding shall be treated as if they were
22 wages paid by an employer to an employee.

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

§11-23-9. Annual returns.

1 (a) In general. — Every person subject to the tax 2 imposed by this article shall make and file an annual 3 return for the taxable year with the tax commissioner 4 on or before:

5 (1) The fifteenth day of the third month of the next
6 succeeding taxable year if the person is a corporation;
7 or

8 (2) The fifteenth day of the fourth month of the next 9 succeeding taxable year if the person is a partnership.

The annual return shall include such information as
the tax commissioner may require for determining the
amount of taxes due under this article for the taxable
year.

14 (b) Special rule for tax exempt organizations with 15 unrelated business taxable income. — Notwithstanding 16 the provisions of subsection (a), when a business 17 franchise tax return is required from an organization 18 generally exempt from tax under subsection (b), 19 section seven of this article, which has unrelated 20 business taxable income, the annual return shall be 21 filed on or before the fifteenth day of the fifth month 22 following the close of the taxable year.

23 (c) Consolidated returns. — Any corporation that

24 files as part of an affiliated group for purposes of the 25 tax imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter 26 shall file a consolidated return under this article.

(d) The tax commissioner may, at his or her discretion, require an affiliated group of corporations to file
a consolidated tax return under this article in order to
accurately determine the taxes due under this article.

31 (e) Effective date. — The amendments to this section
32 made in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety33 three shall apply to tax returns that become due after
34 the first day of that year.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-6. Adjustments in determining West Virginia taxable income.

1 (a) General. — In determining West Virginia taxable 2 income of a corporation, its taxable income as defined 3 for federal income tax purposes shall be adjusted and 4 determined before the apportionment provided by 5 section seven of this article, by the items specified in 6 this section.

7 (b) Adjustments increasing federal taxable income.
8 — There shall be added to federal taxable income,
9 unless already included in the computation of federal
10 taxable income, the following items:

(1) Interest or dividends on obligations or securities
of any state or of a political subdivision or authority
thereof;

14 (2) Interest or dividends (less related expenses to the 15 extent not deducted in determining federal taxable 16 income) on obligations or securities of any authority, 17 commission or instrumentality of the United States 18 which the laws of the United States exempt from 19 federal income tax but not from state income taxes;

(3) Income taxes and other taxes, including franchise
and excise taxes, which are based on, measured by, or
computed with reference to net income, imposed by
this state or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent
deducted in determining federal taxable income;

(4) The amount of unrelated business taxable income
as defined by Section 512 of the Internal Revenue
Code of 1986, as amended, of a corporation which by
reason of its purposes is generally exempt from federal
income taxes; and

30 (5) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
31 taken for federal income tax purposes under Section
32 172 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

33 (c) Adjustments decreasing federal taxable income.
34 — There shall be subtracted from federal taxable
35 income to the extent included therein:

36 (1) Any gain from the sale or other disposition of 37 property having a higher fair market value on the first 38 day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, 39 than the adjusted basis at said date for federal income 40 tax purposes: *Provided*, That the amount of this 41 adjustment is limited to that portion of any such gain 42 which does not exceed the difference between such 43 fair market value and such adjusted basis;

44 (2) The amount of any refund or credit for overpay-45 ment of income taxes and other taxes, including 46 franchise and excise taxes, which are based on, 47 measured by, or computed with reference to net 48 income, imposed by this state or any other taxing 49 jurisdiction, to the extent properly included in gross 50 income for federal income tax purposes;

51 (3) The amount added to federal taxable income due 52 to the elimination of the reserve method for computa-53 tion of the bad debt deduction;

54 (4) The full amount of interest expense actually 55 disallowed in determining federal taxable income 56 which was incurred or continued to purchase or carry 57 obligations or securities of any state or of any political 58 subdivision thereof;

59 (5) The amount required to be added to federal 60 taxable income as a dividend received from a foreign 61 (non-United States) corporation under Section 78 of 62 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, by a 63 corporation electing to take the foreign tax credit for 64 federal income tax purposes;

(6) The amount of salary expenses disallowed as a
deduction for federal income tax purposes due to
claiming the federal jobs credit under Section 51 of the
Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;

(7) The amount included in federal adjusted gross
income by the operation of Section 951 of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; and

(8) Any amount included in federal adjusted gross
income which is foreign source income. Foreign source
income includes:

(A) Interest and dividends, other than those derivedfrom sources within the United States;

(B) Rents, royalties, license, and technical fees from
property located or services performed without the
United States or from any interest in such property,
including rents, royalties, or fees for the use of or the
privilege of using without the United States any
patents, copyrights, secret process and formulas, good
will, trademarks, trade brands, franchises and other
like properties; and

(C) Gains, profits, or other income from the sale of
intangible or real property located without the United
States.

88 In determining the source of "foreign source
89 income", the provisions of Sections 861, 862 and 863 of
90 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall
91 be applied.

92 (d) Net operating loss deduction. — Except as other-93 wise provided in this subsection, there shall be allowed 94 as a deduction for the taxable year an amount equal 95 to the aggregate of: (1) The West Virginia net operat-96 ing loss carryovers to such year; plus (2) the net 97 operating loss carrybacks to such year: Provided, That 98 no more than three hundred thousand dollars of net 99 operating loss from any taxable year beginning after 100 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 101 hundred ninety-two, may be carried back to any previous taxable year. For purposes of this subsection,
the term "West Virginia net operating loss deduction"
means the deduction allowed by this subsection,
determined in accordance with Section 172 of the

106 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

107 (1) Special rules. —

108 (A) When the corporation further adjusts its adjust-109 ed federal taxable income under section seven of this 110 article, the West Virginia net operating loss deduction 111 allowed by this subsection shall be deducted after the 112 section seven adjustments are made;

(B) The tax commissioner shall prescribe such
transition regulations as he deems necessary for fair
and equitable administration of this subsection as
amended by this act.

117 (2) Effective date. — The provisions of this subsec-118 tion, as amended by chapter one hundred nineteen, 119 acts of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred 120 eighty-eight, shall apply to all taxable years ending 121 after the thirtieth of June, one thousand nine hundred 122 eighty-eight; and to all loss carryovers from taxable 123 years ending on or before said thirtieth day of June.

124 (e) Special adjustments for expenditures for water 125 and air pollution control facilities. —

126 (1) If the taxpayer so elects under subdivision (2) of 127 this subsection, there shall be:

128 (A) Subtracted from federal taxable income the total 129 of the amounts paid or incurred during the taxable 130 year for the acquisition, construction or development 131 within this state of water pollution control facilities or 132 air pollution control facilities as defined in Section 169 133 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(B) Added to federal taxable income the total of the
amounts of any allowances for depreciation and
amortization of such water pollution control facilities
or air pollution control facilities, as so defined, to the
extent deductible in determining federal taxable
income.

140 (2) The election referred to in subdivision (1) of this 141 subsection shall be made in the return filed within the 142 time prescribed by law (including extensions thereof) 143 for the taxable year in which such amounts were paid 144 or incurred. Such election shall be made in such 145 manner, and the scope of application of such election 146 shall be defined, as the tax commissioner may by 147 regulations prescribe, and shall be irrevocable when 148 made as to all amounts paid or incurred for any 149 particular water pollution control facility or air 150 pollution control facility.

151 (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 152 subsection or of section seven to the contrary, if the 153 taxpaver's federal taxable income is subject to alloca-154 tion and apportionment under section seven, the adjustments prescribed in paragraphs (A) and (B), 155 subdivision (1) of this subsection shall (instead of being 156 157 made to the taxpayer's federal taxable income before 158 allocation and apportionment thereof as provided in 159 section seven) be made to the portion of the taxpayer's net income, computed without regard to such adjust-160 161 ments, allocated and apportioned to this state in 162 accordance with section seven.

(f) Allowance for certain government obligations and 163 obligations secured by residential property. - The 164 West Virginia taxable income of a taxpayer subject to 165 this article as adjusted in accordance with subsections 166 (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this section shall be further 167 adjusted by multiplying such taxable income after 168 such adjustment by said subsections by a fraction 169 equal to one minus a fraction: 170

171 (1) The numerator of which is the sum of the 172 average of the monthly beginning and ending account 173 balances during the taxable year (account balances to 174 be determined at cost in the same manner that such 175 obligations, investments and loans are reported on 176 Schedule L of the Federal Form 1120) of the following:

(A) Obligations or securities of the United States, or
of any agency, authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States and any other corporation or

180 entity created under the authority of the United States181 Congress for the purpose of implementing or further-

182 ing an objective of national policy;

(B) Obligations or securities of this state and anypolitical subdivision or authority thereof;

185 (C) Investments or loans primarily secured by
186 mortgages, or deeds of trust, on residential property
187 located in this state and occupied by nontransients;
188 and

(D) Loans primarily secured by a lien or security
agreement on residential property in the form of a
mobile home, modular home or double-wide, located
in this state and occupied by nontransients.

193 (2) The denominator of which is the average of the 194 monthly beginning and ending account balances of the 195 total assets of the taxpayer which are shown on 196 Schedule L of Federal Form 1120, which are filed by 197 the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service.

§11-24-13. Returns; time for filing.

(a) On or before the fifteenth day of the third month
 following the close of a taxable year, an income tax
 return under this article shall be made and filed by or
 for every corporation subject to the tax imposed by
 this article.

6 (b) Special rule for tax exempt corporations with 7 unrelated business taxable income. — Notwithstanding 8 the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, when 9 an income tax return is required from a corporation 10 generally exempt from tax under subsection (a), 11 section five of this article, which has unrelated 12 business taxable income, the annual return shall be 13 filed on or before the fifteenth day of the fifth month 14 following the close of the taxable year.

15 (c) The tax commissioner may combine into one 16 form the annual return due under this article and the 17 annual return due under article twenty-three of this 18 chapter. When a combined business franchise tax and 19 corporation net income tax annual return is filed by a 20 taxpayer, the amount of tax remitted shall be applied 21 first against any business franchise tax that may be 22 due for the taxable year under said article and then 23 against any corporation net income tax that may be 24 due for the taxable year. The tax commissioner may 25 also combine the forms for filing declarations of 26 estimated tax and the forms for making installment 27 payments of estimated tax.

(d) Effective date. — The amendments to this section
made in the year one thousand nine hundred ninetythree shall apply to tax returns that become due after
the first day of that year.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 9A. TOBACCO USAGE RESTRICTIONS.

§16-9A-6. Preemption.

Except as otherwise provided in this article, no state agency, county, municipality or political subdivision or agency of this state may impose any law, regulation, rule or requirement of any sort relating to the use, sale or distribution of tobacco products which is more restrictive than the provisions of this article: *Provided*, That any law, regulation, rule or requirement duly enacted and in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, shall remain in effect and enforceable, but may not be amended to make it more restrictive than it was on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

CHAPTER 47. REGULATION OF TRADE.

ARTICLE 20. CHARITABLE BINGO.

§47-20-4. Annual license; conditions on holding of games.

A charitable or public service organization or any of its auxiliaries or other organizations otherwise affiliated with it may apply for an annual license. Only one license per year in the aggregate may be granted to a charitable or public service organization and all of its auxiliaries or other associations or organizations otherwise affiliated with it: *Provided*, That for purposes of this section the various branches, chapters or 9 lodges of any national association or organization or 10 local churches of a nationally organized church are not 11 considered affiliates or auxiliaries of each other. The 12 commissioner shall by regulation provide for the 13 manner for determining to which organization, wheth-14 er the parent organization, an affiliate or an auxiliary, 15 the one license allowed under this section is granted. 16 An annual license is valid for one year from the date 17 of issuance and entitles only the licensee to hold no 18 more than two bingo occasions per week. No two or 19 more organizations may hold a joint bingo occasion 20 under any annual licenses. No bingo occasion held 21 pursuant to an annual license may exceed six hours 22 duration.

A licensee shall display its annual bingo licenseconspicuously at the location where the bingo occasionis held.

All bingo occasions shall be open to the general public: *Provided*, That no licensee shall permit or allow any individual under the age of eighteen to participate in the playing of any bingo game with knowledge or reason to believe that the individual is under the age of eighteen: *Provided*, *however*, That an individual under the age of eighteen may attend the playing of a bingo game when accompanied by and under the supervision of an adult relative or a legal guardian of said individual.

§47-20-5. Limited occasion license; conditions on holding of games.

A limited occasion license is valid only for the time period specified in the application and entitles only the licensee to hold a bingo occasion once every twentyfour hours for a time period not to exceed two weeks. Two or more organizations may hold a joint bingo occasion provided each participating organization has been granted a limited occasion bingo license for such jointly held occasion. No bingo occasion held pursuant to a limited occasion license may exceed twelve hours in duration. Each charitable or public service organitation which desires to hold bingo occasions pursuant 12 to this section, or any of its auxiliaries or other 13 organizations otherwise affiliated with it shall obtain a 14 limited occasion license notwithstanding the fact that 15 it holds a valid annual license: *Provided*, That no 16 licensee which holds an annual license may obtain 17 more than one limited occasion license.

18 Only three limited occasion licenses per year in the 19 aggregate may be granted to a charitable or public 20 service organization and all of its auxiliaries or other 21 associations or organizations otherwise affiliated with 22 it, none of which hold an annual license. For purposes 23 of this section the various branches, chapters or lodges 24 of any national association or organization or local 25 churches of a nationally organized church are not considered affiliates or auxiliaries of each other. The 26 27 commissioner shall by regulation provide the manner 28 for determining to which organization, whether the parent organization, an affiliate or an auxiliary, the 29 30 three licenses allowed under this section are granted.

31 A licensee shall display its limited occasion license 32 conspicuously at the location where the bingo occasion 33 is held.

All bingo occasions shall be open to the general public: *Provided*, That no licensee shall permit or allow any individual under the age of eighteen to participate in the playing of any bingo game with knowledge or reason to believe that the individual is under the age of eighteen: *Provided*, *however*, That an individual under the age of eighteen may attend the playing of a bingo game when accompanied by and under the supervision of an adult relative or a legal guardian of said individual.

§47-20-6. License fee and exemption from taxes.

1 (a) A license fee shall be paid to the tax commission-2 er for annual licenses in the amount of five hundred 3 dollars, except that for volunteer or nonprofit groups 4 who gross less than twenty thousand dollars the fee 5 shall be two hundred dollars and for bona fide senior 6 citizen organizations the fee is fifty dollars. A license 7 fee shall be paid to the tax commissioner for a limited 8 occasion license in the amount of one hundred dollars. 9 A license fee of five hundred dollars shall be paid to 10 the tax commissioner for a state fair license as 11 provided in section twenty-two of this article. All 12 revenue from said license fee shall be deposited in the 13 special revenue account established under the author-14 ity of section two-a, article nine, chapter eleven of this 15 code and used to support the investigatory activities 16 provided for in said section. The license fee imposed 17 by this section is in lieu of all other license or 18 franchise taxes or fees of this state and no county or 19 municipality or other political subdivision of this state 20 is empowered to impose a license or franchise tax or 21 fee.

(b) The gross proceeds derived from the conduct of a bingo occasion are exempt from state and local business and occupation taxes, income taxes, excise taxes and all special taxes. The licensee is exempt from payment of consumers sales and service taxes and use taxes on all purchases for use or consumption in the conduct of a bingo occasion and is exempt from collecting consumers sales taxes on any admission fees and sales of bingo cards: *Provided*, That the exemption provided in this subsection does not apply to state fair bingo proceeds.

§47-20-6a. Super bingo license.

1 Any charitable or public service organization may, 2 upon payment of a five thousand dollar license fee, 3 apply to the tax commissioner for issuance of an 4 annual super bingo license. All revenue from said 5 license fee shall be deposited in the special revenue 6 account established under the authority of section two-7 a, article nine, chapter eleven of this code and use to 8 support the investigatory activities provided for in said 9 section. The tax commissioner shall promulgate rules 10 in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-11 a of this code specifying those organizations which 12 qualify as charitable or public service organizations.

13 A holder of a super bingo license may conduct one 14 super bingo occasion each month during the period of 15 the license at which up to thirty thousand dollars in 16 prizes may be awarded, notwithstanding the seven 17 thousand five hundred dollar limitation on prizes 18 specified in section ten of this article.

A charitable or public service organization that has
a regular or limited occasion bingo license may apply
for a super bingo license.

§47-20-12. Compensation.

1 Except as provided otherwise in sections twelve-a, 2 thirteen and twenty-two of this article, no individual 3 who participates in any manner in the conduct of a 4 bingo occasion or the operation of a concession in 5 conjunction with a bingo occasion may receive or 6 accept any commission, wage, salary, reward, tip, 7 donation, gratuity or other form of compensation or 8 remuneration whether directly or indirectly, regard-9 less of the source, for his work, labor or services.

§47-20-12a. Compensation of bingo operator.

(a) Within the guidelines set forth in subsections (b),
 (c) and (d) of this section, a licensee may pay a salary,
 not to exceed the federal minimum wage, to operators
 of bingo games who are active members of the licen see organization.

6 (b) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occa-7 sions equal or exceed one hundred thousand dollars 8 for the licensee's most recently filed annual financial 9 report, a salary may be paid to not more than three 10 operators.

(c) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occasions are less than one hundred thousand dollars, but
equal or exceed fifty thousand dollars for the licensee's most recently filed annual financial report, a
salary may be paid to not more than two operators.

(d) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occasions are less than fifty thousand dollars for the
licensee's most recently filed annual financial report,
a salary may be paid to no more than one operator.

§47-20-15. Payment of reasonable expenses from proceeds; net proceeds disbursement.

1 (a) The reasonable, necessary and actual expenses 2 incurred in connection with the conduct of bingo 3 occasions, not to exceed fifteen percent of the gross 4 proceeds collected during a license period, may be paid 5 out of the gross proceeds of the conduct of bingo, 6 including, but not limited to:

7 (1) Rent paid for the use of the premises: *Provided*,
8 That a copy of the rental agreement was filed with the
9 bingo license application and any changes thereto
10 were filed within ten days of being made;

11 (2) The cost of custodial services;

12 (3) The cost to the licensee organization for equip-13 ment and supplies used to conduct the bingo occasion;

14 (4) The cost to the licensee organization for advertis-15 ing the bingo occasion;

16 (5) The cost of hiring security personnel, licensed17 pursuant to the provisions of article eighteen, chapter18 thirty of this code; and

19 (6) The cost of providing child care services to the 20 bingo patrons: *Provided*, That any proceeds received 21 from the provision of child care services shall be 22 handled the same as bingo proceeds.

(b) The actual cost to the licensee for prizes, not to
exceed the amounts as specified in section ten of this
article, may be paid out of the gross proceeds of the
conduct of bingo.

27 (c) The cost of any refreshments, souvenirs or any 28 other item sold or otherwise provided through any 29 concession to the patrons may not be paid for out of 30 the gross proceeds from the bingo occasion. The 31 licensee shall expend all net bingo proceeds and any 32 interest earned thereon for the charitable or public 33 service purposes stated in the application within one 34 year after the expiration of the license under which 35 the bingo occasions were conducted. A licensee which 36 does not qualify as a qualified recipient organization 37 may apply to the commissioner at the time it applies 38 for a bingo license or as provided in subsection (e) of 39 this section for permission to apply any or all of its net 40 proceeds to directly support a charitable or public 41 service activity or endeavor which it sponsors.

(d) No gross proceeds from any bingo operation may
be devoted or in any manner used by any licensee or
qualified recipient organization for the construction,
acquisition, improvement, maintenance or repair of
real or personal property except that which is used
exclusively for one or more charitable or public
service purposes or as provided in subdivision (3),
subsection (a) of this section.

50 (e) Any licensee which, in good faith, finds itself 51 unable to comply with the requirements of this 52 provision shall apply to the commissioner for permis-53 sion to expend its net proceeds for one or more 54 charitable or public service purposes other than that 55 stated in its license application or for permission to 56 expend its net proceeds later than the one-year time 57 period specified in this section. The application shall 58 be on a form furnished by the commissioner and shall 59 include the particulars of the requested changes and 60 the reasons for the changes. The application shall be 61 filed no later than sixty days before the end of the 62 one-year period specified in this section. In the case of 63 an application to extend the time in which the net 64 proceeds are to be expended for a charitable or public 65 service purpose, the licensee shall file such periodic 66 reports with the commissioner as the commissioner 67 directs until the proceeds are so expended.

§47-20-16. Records; commissioner audit.

Any licensee which holds a bingo occasion as provid-1 ed by this article shall maintain a separate checking 2 account and separate bookkeeping procedure for its 3 4 bingo operations. Money for expenses shall be with-5 drawn only by checks having preprinted consecutive numbers and made payable to a specific person, firm 6 or corporation and at no time shall a check be made 7 payable to cash. A licensee shall maintain all records 8 required by this article for at least three years and the 9

10 records shall be open to the commissioner for reason-11 able inspection. Whenever the tax commissioner has 12 reasonable cause to believe a licensee has violated any 13 of the provisions of this article, he or she may perform 14 or cause to be performed an audit of the licensee's 15 books and records: *Provided*, That the tax commission-16 er shall perform or cause to be performed an audit of 17 the books and records of any licensee that has awarded 18 total prizes in excess of one hundred seventy-five 19 thousand dollars. The tax commissioner shall file a 20 copy of the completed audit with the county commis-21 sion of the county wherein the licensee holds bingo 22 occasions.

§47-20-24. Filing of reports.

1 Each licensee holding an annual license shall file 2 with the tax commissioner quarterly and an annual 3 financial report summarizing its bingo operations for 4 the time period covered by the report. Each quarterly 5 report shall be filed within twenty days after the end 6 of the quarter which it covers. The annual report shall 7 be filed within thirty days after the expiration of the 8 license under which the operations covered by the 9 report were held.

10 Each licensee holding a limited occasion license or 11 state fair license shall file with the tax commissioner a financial report summarizing its bingo operations for 12 13 the license period within thirty days after the expira-14 tion of the license under which the operations covered by the report are held. The report shall contain the 15 16 name, address and social security number of any 17 individual who receives during the course of a bingo 18 occasion prizes the aggregate value of which exceeds 19 one hundred dollars, and other information required 20 by the commissioner: Provided, That any licensee 21 failing to file such report when due shall be liable for 22 a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each month or 23 fraction thereof during which the failure continues, 24 such penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars: 25 Provided, however, That annual financial reports for 26 license years ending after the first day of July, one 27 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, must be audited financial reports as defined by the American institute of certified public accountants if a licensee's gross receipts exceed one hundred thousand dollars: *Provided further*, That annual financial reports for license years ending after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, must contain a compilation and review of such financial report, as defined by the American institute of certified public accountants, if a licensee's gross receipts exceed fifty thousand dollars but are less than one hundred thousand dollars.

§47-20-28a. Certain operators of bingo games to provide for smoking and nonsmoking sections.

1 Any bingo operator who distributes more than one

2 hundred bingo cards or bingo sheets at any bingo

3 occasion shall provide a smoking and nonsmoking

4 section, if smoking is permitted.

ARTICLE 21. CHABITABLE RAFFLES.

§47-21-7. License fee and exemption from taxes.

(a) A license fee shall be paid to the tax commissioner for annual licenses in the amount of five hundred
dollars. A license fee shall be paid to the tax commissioner for a limited occasion license in the amount of
fifty dollars. All revenue from said license fee shall be
deposited in the special revenue account established
under the authority of section two-a, article nine,
chapter eleven of this code and used to support the
investigatory activities provided for in said section.
The license fee imposed by this section is in lieu of all
other license or franchise taxes or fees of this state and
no county or municipality or other political subdivision of this state is empowered to impose a license or
franchise tax or fee on any raffle or raffle occasion.

15 (b) The gross proceeds derived from the conduct of 16 a raffle occasion are exempt from state and local 17 business and occupation taxes, income taxes, excise 18 taxes and all special taxes. Any charitable or public 19 service organization conducting a raffle occasion 20 pursuant to the provisions of this article is exempt 21 from payment of consumers sales and service taxes. 22 use taxes and all other taxes on all purchases for use

23 or consumption in the conduct of a raffle occasion and

24 is exempt from collecting consumers sales taxes on

25 any admission fees and sales of raffle tickets.

§47-21-15. Payment of reasonable expenses from proceeds; net proceeds disbursement.

1 (a) The reasonable, necessary and actual expenses 2 incurred in connection with the conduct of raffle 3 occasions, not to exceed fifteen percent of the gross 4 proceeds collected during a license period, may be paid 5 out of the gross proceeds of the conduct of raffle, 6 including, but not limited to:

7 (1) Rent paid for the use of the premises: Provided,
8 That a copy of the rental agreement was filed with the
9 raffle license application with any modifications
10 thereto to be filed within ten days of being made;

11 (2) The cost of custodial services;

12 (3) The cost to the licensee organization for equip-13 ment and supplies used to conduct the raffle occasion;

14 (4) The cost to the licensee organization for advertis-15 ing the raffle occasion;

16 (5) The cost of hiring security personnel, licensed
17 pursuant to the provisions of article eighteen, chapter
18 thirty of this code; and

19 (6) The cost of providing child care services to the 20 bingo patrons: *Provided*, That any proceeds received 21 from the provision of child care services shall be 22 handled the same as bingo proceeds.

(b) The actual cost to the licensee for prizes, not to
exceed the amounts as specified in section eleven of
this article, may be paid out of the gross proceeds of
the conduct of raffle.

27 (c) The cost of any refreshments, souvenirs or any 28 other item sold or otherwise provided through any 29 concession to the patrons may not be paid for out of 30 the gross proceeds from the raffle occasion. The 31 licensee shall expend all net raffle proceeds and any 32 interest earned thereon for the charitable or public 33 service purposes stated in the application within one 34 year after the expiration of the license under which 35 the raffle occasions were conducted. A licensee which 36 does not qualify as a qualified recipient organization 37 may apply to the commissioner at the time it applies 38 for a raffle license or as provided in subsection (e) of 39 this section for permission to apply any or all of its net 40 proceeds to directly support a charitable or public 41 service activity or endeavor which it sponsors.

(d) No gross proceeds from any raffle operation may
be devoted or in any manner used by any licensee or
qualified recipient organization for the construction,
acquisition, improvement, maintenance or repair of
real or personal property except that which is used
exclusively for one or more charitable or public
service purposes or as provided in subdivision (3),
subsection (a) of this section.

50 (e) Any licensee which, in good faith, finds itself 51 unable to comply with the requirements of the forego-52 ing provisions of this section shall apply to the com-53 missioner for permission to expend its net proceeds for 54 one or more charitable or public service purposes 55 other than that stated in its license application or for 56 permission to expend its net proceeds later than the 57 one-year time period specified in this section. The 58 application shall be on a form furnished by the 59 commissioner and shall include the particulars of the 60 requested changes and the reasons for the changes. 61 The application shall be filed no later than sixty days 62 before the end of the one-year period specified in this 63 section. In the case of an application to extend the 64 time in which the net proceeds are to be expended for 65 a charitable or public service purpose, the licensee 66 shall file such periodic reports with the commissioner 67 as the commissioner directs until the proceeds are so 68 expended.

§47-21-22. Filing of reports.

1 Each licensee holding an annual, limited or state fair 2 license shall file with the commissioner a financial 3 report summarizing its raffle operations within thirty4 days after the expiration date of such license.

The reports required by this section shall contain 5 6 the name, address and social security number of any 7 individual who received during the course of a raffle 8 occasion prizes the aggregate value of which exceeded 9 one hundred dollars, and other information required 10 by the commissioner: Provided. That any licensee 11 failing to file such report when due shall be liable for 12 a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each month or 13 fraction thereof during which the failure continues, 14 such penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars: 15 Provided, however, That annual financial reports for 16 license years ending after the first day of July, one 17 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, must be audited 18 financial reports as defined by the American institute 19 of certified public accountants if a licensee's gross 20 receipts exceed one hundred thousand dollars: Provid-21 ed further. That annual financial reports for license 22 years ending after the first day of July, one thousand 23 nine hundred ninety-three, must contain a compila-24 tion and review of such financial report, as defined by 25 the American institute of certified public accountants, 26 if a licensee's gross receipts exceed fifty thousand dollars but are less than one hundred thousand dollars. 27

ARTICLE 23. CHARITABLE RAFFLE BOARDS AND GAMES.

§47-23-1. Short title.

1 This article shall be known as and may be cited as

2 the "Charitable Raffle Boards and Games Act".

§47-23-2. Definitions.

1 For purposes of this article, unless specified 2 otherwise:

3 (a) "Commissioner" means tax commissioner of the 4 state of West Virginia, or his delegate.

5 (b) "Retail face value" means the projected gross 6 income to be received by the retailer from the sale of 7 all raffle chances on or in the charitable raffle boards 8 or games.

2

9 (c) "Indicia" means the impression authorized by 10 the commissioner to serve as such indicia, and shall be 11 of the design and color prescribed by the commissioner.

12 (d) "Person" means any individual, association,
13 society, incorporated or unincorporated organization,
14 firm partnership or other nongovernmental entity or
15 institution.

16 (e) "Retailer" means every person engaged in the17 business of making retail sales of raffle chances.

(f) "Charitable raffle board" or "charitable raffle 18 19 game" means a board or other device that has many 20 folded printed slips to be pulled from the board or 21 otherwise distributed without a board on payment of 22 a nominal sum in an effort to obtain a slip or chance 23 that entitles the player to a designated prize: Provided, 24 That a "charitable raffle board" or "charitable raffle 25 game" shall not include the sale, by an elementary or 26 secondary school, parent-teacher organization of an 27 elementary or secondary school, youth organization, 28 such as the girl scouts of America or the boy scouts of 29 America, or any political party executive committee, 30 of chances in an effort, by the person purchasing the 31 chance, to obtain a designated prize: Provided, however, That the aggregate value of all such prizes in any 32 given calendar year shall not exceed three thousand 33 34 five hundred dollars.

35 (g) "Sale" means the transfer of the ownership of 36 tangible personal property for a consideration.

(h) "Wholesaler" or "distributor" means any person or entity engaged in the wholesale distribution of charitable raffle boards or games or similar boards or devices, as defined by the commissioner, and licensed under the provisions of this article, to distribute said devices to charitable raffle boards or games retailers as defined in this article. It also includes anyone who is engaged in the manufacturing, packaging, preparing or repackaging of charitable raffle boards or games for distribution in this state.

§47-23-3. License fee.

1 Wholesalers or distributors of charitable raffle 2 boards and games to retailers shall be licensed and a 3 license fee in the amount of five hundred dollars shall 4 be paid to the commissioner by each wholesaler or 5 distributor for an annual license. Wholesalers shall 6 also pay a fee of six cents on each dollar of retail value 7 of each charitable raffle board or game sold to a 8 retailer. There is hereby imposed an excise tax of six 9 percent of the winnings on any charitable raffle 10 boards and games. The tax shall be collected and 11 remitted to the tax commissioner on a monthly basis 12 by the holder of the raffle game. All revenue from 13 said fee shall be placed in the special revenue account 14 established under the authority of section two-a, 15 article nine, chapter eleven of this code.

§47-23-4. No fee on charitable raffle boards and games by municipalities or other governmental subdivisions.

1 No municipality or governmental subdivision shall 2 levy any excise or other tax or fee requiring charitable 3 raffle boards or games to be stamped, or requiring 4 licenses for sale thereof, other than licenses which 5 may be imposed as a result of licenses provided for in 6 article twelve, chapter eleven of this code.

§47-23-5. Indicia; how affixed; violations.

1 The indicia required by this article, as described in 2 the charitable raffle boards and games fee rules and 3 regulations, shall be impressed upon each charitable 4 raffle board or game, of an aggregate value of not less 5 than the amount of the fee imposed. The indicia so 6 impressed shall be prima facie evidence of payment of 7 the annual license fee imposed by this article. Indicia 8 printing approval shall be received from only the 9 commissioner by wholesalers and distributors who 10 have paid the annual license fee provided in section 11 three of this article.

12 Except as may be otherwise provided in the rules 13 and regulations prescribed by the commissioner under 14 authority of this article, such indicia shall be 15 impressed by each wholesaler or distributor prior to 16 the sale of such boards or games to a retailer. Each 17 wholesaler or distributor making such sales must be authorized to do business in this state prior to the sale 19 or delivery of any charitable raffle boards or games to 20 any retailer in this state.

Whenever any charitable raffle boards or games are found in the place of business of any retailer without the indicia so impressed, the prima facie presumption shall arise that such charitable raffle boards or games are kept therein in violation of the provisions of this article.

§43-23-6. Form of indicia; custody; security for payments.

1 The commissioner shall design the indicia to be used 2 as herein provided for impression on charitable raffle 3 boards or games. The charitable raffle boards or games 4 shall have the purchase price clearly imprinted 5 thereon and shall have printed or impressed thereon 6 the words "State of West Virginia — Raffle Board 7 Stamp" or such other words and figures as the 8 commissioner may deem proper.

§47-23-7. Surety bonds required; release of surety; new bond.

1 The commissioner may require wholesalers and 2 distributors to file continuous surety bond in an 3 amount to be fixed by the commissioner except that 4 the amount shall not be less than one thousand dollars. 5 Upon completion of the filing of a surety bond an 6 annual notice of renewal, only, shall be required 7 thereafter. The surety must be authorized to engage in 8 business within this state. The bond shall be condi-9 tioned upon faithfully complying with the provisions 10 of this article including the filing of the returns and 11 payment of all fees prescribed by this article.

12 Any surety on a bond furnished hereunder shall be 13 released and discharged from all liability accruing on 14 such bond after the expiration of sixty days from the 15 date the surety shall have lodged, by certified mail, 16 with the tax commissioner a written request to be 17 discharged. This shall not relieve, release or discharge 18 the surety from liability already accrued or which 19 shall accrue before the expiration of the sixty-day 20 period. Whenever any surety shall seek release as 21 herein provided, it shall be the duty of the wholesaler 22 or distributor to supply the commissioner with anoth-23 er bond.

§47-23-8. How fee paid; reports required; due date; records to be kept; inspection of records and stocks; examination of witnesses, summons, etc.

1 The fee hereby imposed shall be paid by each 2 licensed wholesaler or distributor to the commissioner 3 on or before the fifteenth day of April, July, October 4 and January for the preceding three calendar months. 5 The measure of the fee shall be determined by 6 multiplying the total amount of the retail face value of 7 all charitable raffle boards and games sold by wholes-8 alers or distributors to retailers during the said three-9 month period by six percent. All fees due and owing 10 to the commissioner by reason of this article, if paid 11 after the due dates required by this section, shall be 12 subject to the provisions of article ten, chapter eleven 13 of this code. Each wholesaler or distributor shall 14 provide with each quarterly payment of fees a report 15 covering the business transacted in the previous three 16 calendar months and providing such other information 17 as the commissioner may deem necessary for the 18 ascertainment or assessment of the fee imposed by this 19 article. Such report shall be signed under penalty of 20 perjury on such forms as the tax commissioner may 21 prescribe and the wholesaler or distributor shall at the 22 time of filing remit all fees owed or due.

23 The commissioner may authorize any wholesaler or distributor holding the license required by this article 24 25 to use any metering device approved by the commis-26 sioner, such devices to be sealed by the commissioner, 27 before being used, which device shall be used only in 28 accordance with the regulations prescribed by the commissioner. A wholesaler or distributor shall pay 29 30 the fee in advance where a metering device is used, in which event such wholesaler or distributor shall 31 32 deliver the metering device to the commissioner who 33 shall seal the meter in accordance with the prepay-34 ment so made.

35 The reports prescribed herein are required, 36 although a fee might not be due or no business 37 transacted for the period covered by the report.

38 Each person required to file a report under this 39 article shall make and keep such records as shall be 40 prescribed by the commissioner that are necessary to 41 substantiate the returns required by this article, 42 including, but not limited to, inventories, receipts, 43 disbursements and sales, for a period of time not less 44 than three years.

45 Unless otherwise permitted, in writing, by authority 46 of the commissioner, each delivery ticket or invoice 47 for each purchase or sale of charitable raffle boards or games must be recorded upon a serially numbered 48 49 invoice showing the name and address of the seller 50 and the purchaser, the point of delivery, the date, 51 quantity and price of the product sold, and the fee 52 must be set out separately, and such other reasonable information as the commissioner may require. These 53 54 invoicing requirements also apply to cash sales and a person making such sales must maintain such records 55 56 as may be reasonably necessary to substantiate his 57 return.

In addition to the commissioner's powers set forth in 58 59 section five, article ten, chapter eleven of this code, 60 the commissioner shall have authority to inspect or 61 examine the stock of charitable raffle boards and 62 games kept in and upon the premises of any person 63 where charitable raffle boards and games are placed, 64 stored or sold, and he shall have authority to inspect 65 or examine the records, books, papers and any equip-66 ment or records of manufacturers, wholesalers and 67 distributors or any other person for the purpose of 68 determining the quantity of charitable raffle boards 69 and games acquired or disbursed to verify the truth 70 and accuracy of any statement or report and to 71 ascertain whether the fee imposed by this article has 72 been properly paid.

73 In addition to the commissioner's powers set forth in 74 section five, article ten, chapter eleven of this code, 75 and as a further means of obtaining the records, books 76 and papers of a manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor 77 or any other person and ascertaining the amount of 78 fees and reports due under this article, the commis-79 sioner shall have the power to examine witnesses 80 under oath; and if the witness shall fail or refuse at 81 the request of the commissioner to grant access to the 82 books, records or papers, the commissioner shall 83 certify the facts and names to the circuit court of the 84 county having jurisdiction of the party and such court 85 shall thereupon issue summons to such party to 86 appear before the commissioner, at a place designated 87 within the jurisdiction of such court, on a day fixed, to 88 be continued as the occasion may require for good 89 cause shown and give such evidence and lay open for 90 inspection such books and papers as may be required 91 for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of fee and 92 reports due, if any.

§47-23-9. Penalty for failure to file return when no fee due; crimes.

1 (a) Penalty for failure to file required return where 2 no fee due. — In the case of any failure to make or file 3 a return when no fee is due, as required by this 4 article, on the date prescribed therefor, unless it be 5 shown that such failure was due to reasonable cause 6 and not due to willful neglect, there shall be collected 7 a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each month of such 8 failure or fraction thereof.

9 (b) It shall be a misdemeanor, punishable pursuant 10 to the terms of this article, if any person:

11 (1) Makes any false entry upon an invoice required 12 to be made under the provisions of this article or with 13 intent to evade the fee imposed by this article presents 14 any such false entry for the inspection of the 15 commissioner;

16 (2) Prevents or hinders the commissioner from
17 making a full inspection of any place where charitable
18 raffle boards or games subject to the fee imposed by

19 this state are sold or stored or prevents or hinders the20 full inspection of invoices, books, records or papers21 required to be kept under the provisions of this article;

(3) Sells any charitable raffle boards or games in this
state without there having been first affixed thereto
the indicia required by this article;

(4) Being a retailer in this state, has in his possession any charitable raffle boards or games not bearing the indicia herein required to be affixed thereto or, whoever fails to produce on demand by the commissioner invoices of all charitable raffle boards and games purchased or received by him within three years prior to such demand, unless upon satisfactory proof it is shown that such nonproduction is due to providential or other causes beyond his control;

34 (5) Being a retailer in this state, purchases or
35 acquires charitable raffle boards and games from any
36 person other than a wholesaler or distributor licensed
37 under this article; or

38 (6) Who is not a wholesaler or distributor of chari-39 table raffle boards or games, as provided by this 40 article, shall have in his possession within the state 41 any charitable raffle boards or games not bearing the 42 proper indicia of this state, such possession shall be 43 inferred to be for the purpose of evading the payment 44 of the fees imposed or due thereon.

(c) Any person convicted of violating the provisions
of subsection (b) of this section, shall be confined in
the county jail for not less than one year or fined not
less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten
thousand dollars, or both fined and imprisoned.

50 (d) Any person who falsely or fraudulently makes, 51 forges, alters or counterfeits any indicia prescribed, or 52 defined, by the provisions of this article, or its related 53 rules and regulations, or who knowingly and willfully 54 makes, causes to be made, purchases, receives or has 55 in his possession, any device for forging or counterfeit-56 ing any indicia, or has in his possession, any indicia 57 not properly issued by the commissioner or tampers 58 with or alters any stamping device authorized by the 59 commissioner, or uses more than once any indicia 60 provided for and required by this article for the 61 purpose of evading the fee hereby imposed, shall be 62 guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall 63 be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five 64 thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars 65 or imprisoned in the penitentiary for a term of not less 66 than one year nor more than five years, or both fined 67 and imprisoned.

68 (e) Whenever the commissioner, or any of his 69 deputies or employees authorized by him, or any 70 peace officer of this state shall discover any charitable 71 raffle boards or games subject to the fee as provided 72 by this article and upon which the fee has not been 73 paid as herein required, such charitable raffle boards 74 and games shall thereupon be deemed to be contra-75 band, and the commissioner, or such deputy or 76 employee or any peace officer of this state, is hereby 77 authorized and empowered forthwith to seize and take 78 possession of such charitable raffle boards or games. 79 without a warrant, and such charitable raffle boards 80 and games shall be forfeited to the state, and the 81 commissioner shall retain the forfeited charitable 82 raffle boards and games until they are no longer 83 needed as evidence in any prosecution of the person 84 from whom the raffle boards and games were seized. 85 The commissioner may within a reasonable time 86 thereafter destroy such charitable raffle boards and 87 games or may affix the indicia required by this article 88 upon each charitable raffle boards or games and sell said charitable raffle boards or games at public auction 89 90 to the highest bidder: Provided, That such seizure and 91 destruction or public auction shall not be deemed to relieve any person from fine or imprisonment as 92 provided herein for violation of any provisions of this 93 article. Such destruction may be made in any county 94 95 the commissioner deems most convenient and economical. All revenue from said license fee shall be 96 deposited in the special revenue account established 97 under the authority of section two-a, article nine, 98 99 chapter eleven of this code and used to support the

100 investigatory activities provided for in said section.

101 (e) Magistrates shall have concurrent jurisdiction 102 with any other courts having jurisdiction for the trial 103 of all misdemeanors arising under this article.

§47-23-10. Transportation of unstamped charitable raffle boards and games; forfeitures and sales of charitable raffle boards, charitable raffle games and equipment; criminal sanctions.

Every person who shall knowingly transport charita-1 2 ble raffle boards or games not bearing indicia as 3 required by section six of this article upon the public 4 highways, waterways, airways, roads or streets of this 5 state shall have in his actual possession invoices or 6 delivery tickets for such charitable raffle boards or games which shall show the true name and the 7 8 complete and exact address of the manufacturer, the true name and complete and exact address of the 9 wholesaler or distributor who is the purchaser, the 10 quantity and description of the charitable raffle boards 11 and games transported and the true name and com-12 plete and exact address of the person who has or shall 13 14 assume payment of the West Virginia state fee, or the 15 tax, if any, of the state or foreign country at the point 16 of ultimate destination: Provided, That any common 17 carrier which has issued a bill of lading for a shipment 18 of charitable raffle boards and games and is without 19 notice to itself or to any of its agents or employees that 20 said charitable raffle boards or games have no proper 21 indicia affixed thereto as required by section six of this 22 article shall be deemed to have complied with this 23 article and the vehicle or vessel in which said chari-24 table raffle boards or games are being transported 25 shall not be subject to confiscation hereunder. In the 26 absence of such invoices, delivery tickets or bills of 27 lading, as the case may be, the charitable raffle boards 28 or games so transported, the vehicle or vessel in which 29 the charitable raffle boards or games are being trans-30 ported and any paraphernalia or devices used in 31 connection with such, are declared to be contraband 32 goods and may be seized by the commissioner, his 33 agents or employees or by any peace officer of the

34 state without a warrant.

35 Any person who transports charitable raffle boards 36 or games in violation of this section shall be guilty of 37 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 38 fined not less than three hundred dollars nor more 39 than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the 40 county jail not more than one year, or both fined and 41 imprisoned.

42 Charitable raffle boards and games seized under this 43 section shall be forthwith destroyed in the manner 44 provided hereinafter in this section and such destruc-45 tion shall not relieve the owner of the destroyed 46 charitable raffle boards and games of any action by the 47 commissioner for violations of this or any other 48 sections of this article.

49 The commissioner shall immediately, after any 50 seizure made pursuant to this section, institute a 51 proceeding for the confiscation thereof in the circuit 52 court of the county in which the seizure is made. The 53 court may proceed in a summary manner and may 54 direct confiscation by the commissioner: Provided, 55 That any person claiming to be the holder of a security 56 interest in any vehicle or vessel, the disposition of 57 which is provided for above, may present his petition 58 so alleging and be heard, and in the event it appears 59 to the court that the property was unlawfully used by 60 a person other than such claimant, and if the said 61 claimant acquired his security interest in good faith 62 and without knowledge that the vehicle or vessel, was 63 going to be so used, the court shall waive forfeiture in 64 favor of such claimant and order the vehicle or vessel 65 returned to such claimant.

§47-23-11. Administration; rules.

1 (a) The commissioner shall promulgate rules to 2 administer the provisions of this article in accordance 3 with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this 4 code. Additionally, the commissioner shall promulgate 5 a rule which sets forth a means of verifying on the 6 face of every charitable raffle boards or games that the 7 charitable raffle boards or games is distributed by a 8 wholesaler licensed pursuant to the provisions of this9 article.

10 (b) The commissioner shall deny an application for 11 a license if he finds that the issuance thereof would be 12 in violation of the provisions of this article.

(c) The commissioner may suspend, revoke or refuse
to renew any license issued hereunder for a material
failure to maintain the records or file the reports
required by this article or administrative rule if the
commissioner finds that said failure will substantially
impair the commissioner's ability to administer the
provisions of this article with regard to said licensee.

20 (d) The burden of proof in any administrative or 21 court proceeding is on the applicant to show cause 22 why a charitable raffle boards or games wholesaler's 23 or distributor's license should be issued or renewed 24 and on the licensee to show cause why its license 25 should not be revoked or suspended.

§47-23-12. Severability.

1 If any provision of this article or the application 2 thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by any court 3 of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment 4 shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of 5 said article, but shall be confined in its operation to 6 the provision thereof directly involved in the contro-7 versy in which such judgment shall have been ren-8 dered and the applicability of such provision to other 9 persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

§47-23-13. General procedure and administration.

1 Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax 2 Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article 3 ten, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fees 4 imposed by this article with like effect as if said act 5 were applicable only to the fees imposed by this article 6 and were set forth in extenso in this article. •

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Comn Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage. 1.0. Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of ti use o Presid

Speaker House of Delegates

...this the UM_U day of . Ped Il , 1993.

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